## => d his

L45

11 S L36, L44

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FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 08:58:04 ON 09 NOV 2002 E CHILDERS W/AU

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:58:17 ON 09 NOV 2002
                E CHILDERS W/AU
               5 S E4, E17
L1
L2
               1 S L1 AND CARTRIDGE
L3
               4 S L1 NOT L2
                 E HEWLET/PA, CS
            3329 S E3-E300
L4
             341 S E301-E417
                                                             Jan Delaval
L5
                                                          Reference Librarian
L6
           3329 S L4, L5
                                                     Biotechnology & Chemical Library
L7
             201 S L6 AND B41J/IC, ICM, ICS
                                                      CM1 1E07 - 703-308-4498
             189 S L7 AND B41J002/IC, ICM, ICS
L8
              1 S L8 AND B41J002-04/IC, ICM, ICS
                                                          jan.delaval@uspto.gov
L9
             18 S L8 AND B41J002-195/IC, ICM, ICS
L10
L11
             66 S L6 AND GO3G/IC, ICM, ICS
             26 S L11 AND G03G015/IC, ICM, ICS
L12
             19 S L7 AND L11
L13
                 SEL DN AN 16
L14
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L15
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              2 S L9, L15
L16
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L17
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L18
              4 S E1-E4
              5 S L16, L18 AND L1-L18
L19
L20
             15 S L8 AND CARTRIDG?
              1 S L19 AND L20
L21
L22
              5 S L19, L21
L23
             14 S L20 NOT L22
L24
             17 S L6 AND GO6F/IC, ICM, ICS
L25
              2 S L24 AND L7, L11
L26
             15 S L24 NOT L25
L27
              5 S L22 AND L1-L26
L28
           14527 S B41J/IC, ICM, ICS
L29
             664 S L28 AND G06F/IC, ICM, ICS
L30
           2439 S L28 AND G03G/IC, ICM, ICS
L31
              95 S L29, L30 AND CARTRIDG?
L32
              37 S L31 AND CARTRIDG?/TI
              58 S L31 NOT L32
L33
              56 S B41J002-04/IC, ICM, ICS
L34
                 SEL DN AN 42 51
               2 S L34 AND E5-E8
L35
L36
               7 S L16, L27, L35 AND L1-L35
L37
               0 S L34 AND G06F/IC, ICM, ICS
               0 S L34 AND G03G/IC, ICM, ICS
L38
             904 S L29, L30 AND B41J002/IC, ICM, ICS
L39
               2 S L29, L30 AND B41J002-195/IC, ICM, ICS
L40
             586 S L39 AND G03G015/IC, ICM, ICS
L41
             25 S L41 AND CARTRIDG?
L42
L43
              24 S L42 NOT L36
                 SEL DN AN 2 4 7 18
              4 S L43 AND E9-E12
L44
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L46
             18 S L28 AND 9/SC, SX
             20 S G03G/IC, ICM, ICS AND 9/SC, SX
L47
             38 S L46, L47
L48
              0 S L48 AND CARTRIDG?
L49
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L50
             15 S L48 NOT E13-E81
L51
             26 S L45, L50 AND L1-L50
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L51 ANSWER 1 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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2002:750875 HCAPLUS

DN 137:259606

Liquid-discharging apparatus for producing probe carrier, method for producing probe carrier, and apparatus for producing probe carrier

Hirosawa, Toshiaki; Utagawa, Kenta ΙN

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

Canon Inc., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DTPatent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PΙ JP 2002286732 A2 20021003 JP 2001-93261 20010328 An app. for producing a probe carrier is provided, with which a probe soln. is discharged onto a carrier with high d. and high reproducibility. In this app., a carrier support stand for supporting the carrier, a liq.-discharging app. support stand for supporting the liq.-discharging app., and a probe soln. supply unit for supplying a probe soln. to the liq.-discharging app. are installed on an app. base in a way that they are movable relatively to each other. The probe soln. supply unit is supported above the app. base upper phase with a space. The liq.-discharging app. is installed in a way that it is movable in the range below the probe soln. supply unit and above the carrier, and it is

convertible in its vertical direction. The liq.-discharging app. is moved beneath the probe soln. supply unit while keeping its discharging opening upwards. The probe soln. is supplied from the discharging opening into the nozzle by dropping the probe soln. from a dropping needle to the discharging opening. Diagrams describing the app. assembly are given.

ANSWER 2 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

2002:748293 HCAPLUS AN

DN 137:259603

Method and apparatus for producing probe carrier ΤI

ΙN Kameyama, Makoto; Okamura, Nobuyuki; Okamoto, Hisashi

Canon Inc., Japan PΑ

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. JP 2002286736 A2 20021003 JP 2001-94110 20010328

PΙ A convenient means is provided for removing in a stable way a DNA AΒ probe-forming soln. which is adhered near a discharging opening in an app. for producing a probe carrier. This means is utilized in a method for producing a probe carrier on which multiple kinds of probes capable of specifically binding with a labeled substance are resp. fixed in a two-dimensional array shape. The method comprises a process for providing the multiple probe solns. contg. the resp. probe from discharging openings onto the carrier using a probe soln.-discharging head equipped with the multiple no. of discharging openings in response to the multiple probes, and a process for removing the droplets near the discharging openings of the probe soln.-discharging head. The process for removing the droplets near the discharging openings of the probe soln.-discharging head is performed by phys. giving a force in a direction roughly perpendicular to the direction for arranging the discharging openings. An app. used in this method is provided. Diagrams describing the app. assembly are given.

ANSWER 3 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

2002:748292 HCAPLUS ΑN

DN 137:259602

Liquid-discharging apparatus for producing probe carrier, apparatus for TIproducing probe carrier, and method for producing probe carrier

Udagawa, Kenta; Hirosawa, Toshiaki IN

PA

Canon Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. SO

CODEN: JKXXAF

DTPatent

Japanese LA

FAN.CNT 1

APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE

JP 2002286735 A2 20021003 JP 2001-93265 20010328 PΙ

A liq.-discharging app. for producing a probe carrier is provided, which AB is capable of responding to the cases where many kinds of probe solns. are supplied to a discharging part without making the app. a bigger size. An app. for producing a probe carrier using this liq.-discharging app. is provided. A method is also provided for producing a probe carrier using these apparatuses. A pitch for arranging a supply port to a lig.-accommodating part obtained resp. from multiple no. of lig.-discharging parts installed in the lig.-discharging app. in response to multiple probes is made larger than a pitch for arranging a nozzle opening, and thereby, the degree of freedom is raised in designing the configuration position or capacity of the liq.-accommodating part for accommodating the probe soln. Diagrams describing the app. assembly are

given.

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L51 ANSWER 4 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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2002:748291 HCAPLUS

137:259601 DN

Liquid-discharging apparatus for producing probe carrier, and its use in TIapparatus for producing probe carrier

Udagawa, Kenta; Hirosawa, Toshiaki IN

Canon Inc., Japan PA

SO · Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DΤ Patent

Japanese LA

FAN.CNT 1

JP 200005 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_ ----

JP 2002286734 A2 20021003 JP 2001-93263 20010328 PΙ A liq.-discharging app. for producing a probe carrier is provided, which

possesses the constitution with which a probe liq. with a stable concn. is maintained in a liq.-accommodating part, and an advantage with an app. using a liq.-discharging system is effectively demonstrated without reducing a probe carrier prodn. efficiency. In case where the liq.-accommodating part for accommodating the probe soln. in the liq.-discharging app. possesses an opening for supplying the probe soln., this opening is covered with a lid component, or a region connected with the opening is made a closed space, so that the increase in concn. or viscosity due to the water evapn. from the probe soln. inside the liq.-accommodating part is prevented. Diagrams describing the app. assembly are given. Diagrams describing the app. assembly are given.

L51 ANSWER 5 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

2002:748290 HCAPLUS AN

137:259600 DN

Apparatus and method for producing probe carrier TI

Miyazaki, Kyota; Hirosawa, Toshiaki IN

PΑ

Canon Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp. SO

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ JP 2002286733 A2 20021003 JP 2001-93262 20010328

PΙ An app. for producing a probe carrier is provided, with which many kinds AΒ of probe solns. are discharged without making the app. a bigger size. The app. possesses a liq.-delivering app. for delivering multiple probe solns. resp. contg. one of the multiple probes, and a carrier support stand for supporting the carrier. With this app., the probe carrier on which multiple kinds of probes are arranged is produced by delivering the probe soln. from the liq.-delivering app. onto the carrier. The app. possesses a cap and a suction app. as a discharging means for sucking the probe soln. supplied into the liq.-delivering app. to the outside and discharging it. Diagrams describing the app. assembly are given.

- L51 ANSWER 6 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- 2002:721974 HCAPLUS
- Method and apparatus for providing ink container extraction TΙ characteristics to a printing system
- Olsen, David; Heim, Rory A.; Otis, David R., Jr. IN
- PA Hewlett-Packard Company, USA
- SO

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
US 6454381 B1 20020924 US 2001-843895 20010427

PI US 6454381 Bl 20020924 US 2001-843895 20010427

AB The present disclosure relates to a replaceable ink container for providing ink to an inkjet printing system. The inkjet printing system has a plurality of print modes with each print mode having an ink usage rate assocd. therewith. The replaceable ink container includes an information storage device contg. print mode control information. The installation of the replaceable ink container into the inkjet printing system allows the print mode control information to be provided to the inkjet printing system. This print mode control information is used by the printing system for selecting a print mode from the plurality of print

modes based on available ink within the replaceable ink container.

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year   VOL  (RPY) (RVL)		Referenced   File
	=+====+=====	-====+=================================	==+========
Anon	1996	EP 0691207 A2	1
Anon	1996	EP 0720916 A2	İ
Anon	1997	EP 0789322 A2	i
Anon	12000	EP 0721171 B1	i
Anon	2001	WO 0132431 A1	i
Baker	1988	US 4771295 A	ĺ
Berger	1997	US 5620641 A	i
Castle	12000	JUS 6109723 A	i
Gilliland	1990	IUS 4961088 A	i
Hilton	12000	US 6158837 A	i
Hirata	11992	IUS 5146236 A	i
Murray	i 1997 i i	IUS 5610635 A	i
Ujita	11996	US 5506611 A	i

- L51 ANSWER 7 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 2002:707611 HCAPLUS
- TI Recycling decision system and recycling referee method of cartridge and cartridge for printer. [Machine Translation].
- IN Shinkai, Michinori
- PA Canon Inc., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

- DT Patent
- LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2002264435 A2 20020918 JP 2001-62778 20010307

AB [Machine Translation of Descriptors]. As it is possible, to decide the possibility of recycling automatically on the basis of the information and the like regarding use start date and the printing quantity etc. which are made to remember to the memory section of the cartridge it can manage it can judge the possibility of recycling the cartridge and the life of the cartridge itself furthermore with with the cost and human strength of the necessary minimum efficient application of the environmental resource is assured. It reads out the information of use start date and the printing use quantity etc. which are remembered in the memory section which is built in to the particular cartridge at the time of the recycling decision processing of the cartridge which installation and removal unrestrictedly is installed vis-a-vis the printer itself, judging whether no the information which reads out exceeds specified value, whether or not the particular cartridge

recycling possibility it decides. It is possible, to decide the possibility of recycling automatically efficiently, it is possible to assure the efficient application of the environmental resource.

- L51 ANSWER 8 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- 2002:689797 HCAPLUS
- DN 137:228884
- ΤI Liquid-discharging apparatus for manufacturing probe carrier, probe carrier-manufacturing apparatus using the liquid-discharging apparatus, and method for manufacturing probe carrier
- IN Kaneko, Mineo; Watanabe, Hidenori
- Canon Inc., Japan PA
- Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

- DT Patent
- LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO.

- 20020911 JP 2002257694 A2 JP 2001-55970 20010228
- A method for manufg. a probe array is provided, with which a spot is surely formed on a carrier from each of multiple kinds of probe solns. app. used for this method is also provided. Multiple no. of liq.-discharging parts necessary for manufg. the probe array are installed to the liq.-discharging app., and each liq.-discharging part is constituted by forming a discharging opening group consisting of multiple discharging openings (nozzles) commonly installed to one liq. accommodation part. The app. is designed and controlled in a way that an identical probe soln. is successively provided from multiple discharging openings belonging to an identical discharging opening group to an identical spot formation position repeatedly upon supplying the probe soln. onto the carrier. Diagrams describing the app. assembly are given.
- L51 ANSWER 9 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- 2002:686719 HCAPLUS AN
- 137:213174 DN
- TIMethod for manufacturing probe carrier using liquid-discharging apparatus, and apparatus used in this method
- ΙN Okamoto, Hisashi
- PA
- Canon Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LAJapanese
- FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ---------------

- JP 2002257836 A2 20020911 PΙ JP 2001-55971 20010228
- A method for manufg. a probe array is provided, with which a spot is AΒ surely formed on a carrier from each of multiple kinds of probe solns. app. used for this method is also provided. Multiple no. of liq.-discharging parts necessary for manufg. the probe array are installed to the app., and each liq.-discharging part is constituted by forming a discharging opening group consisting of multiple discharging openings (nozzles) commonly installed to one liq. accommodation part. The app. is designed and controlled in a way that an identical probe soln. is successively provided from multiple discharging openings belonging to the identical discharging opening group in an identical well repeatedly upon supplying the probe soln. onto the multiple wells installed on the carrier. Diagrams describing the app. assembly are given.
- L51 ANSWER 10 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- 2002:644963 HCAPLUS AN

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DN
     137:165790
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Liquid-ejecting apparatus for probe liquid ejection ΤI

ΙN Kiyota, Wataru

PΑ

Canon Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. -----\_\_\_\_\_

JP 2002238543 A2 20020827 JP 2001-42343 20010219 PΤ

A liq.-ejecting app. for probe liq. ejection is provided, with which the AΒ probe spots are surely and accurately formed on a carrier by performing the liq. ejection under the secure state not to generate a non-ejection of the liq. while utilizing the advantage of the procedure of forming the probe spots by ejecting a liq. toward the specified positions on the carrier. Upon forming the spots of probe liq. on the carrier by ejecting a liq. of probe soln. from multiple ejection openings on a liq. ejection unit to manuf. an immobilized probe chip, a preliminary ejection from each ejection opening is performed, and the ejection openings with non-ejection are detd. by evaluating the ejection state by optically detecting the liq. ejected. An ejection-recovering operation is performed on such non-ejection openings, and the liq. is provided from each ejection opening onto the carrier for prepg. the immobilized probe chip according to the detd. pattern. Diagrams describing the app. assembly are given.

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L51 ANSWER 11 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN 2002:475750 HCAPLUS

ΤI Independent description selector apparatus and method

Frederiksen, Dellas G.; Dunlap, Kendra IN

PA Hewlett-Packard Company, USA

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

English

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6411787	D 1	20020625	US 2001-800845	20010306

AΒ An independent description selector (10) includes, in a mopier/copier for making a copy of an original, an independent original selector device (16) for selection of parameters (18) describing the original (14). An independent copy selector device (20) is provided for the selection of parameters (22) describing the copy (12). In a preferred embodiment, an input device (88) is connected to the original selector (16) and to the copy selector (20) for adding (90). In a further embodiment, an audio/visual device (76) is connected to the mopier/copier so that parameters (18and22) are audibly (78) and visually (80) described as selected.

## RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	(RPY)   (RVL)	(RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced   File
	•	•		T
Ando	1999		3 5999767 A	1
Anon	1999	JE	11194669	1
Barrett	1999	US	5 5880727 A	1
Downing	2000	US	6075925 A	1
Fresk	2000		6026258 A	

L51 ANSWER 12 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

2002:345975 HCAPLUS AN

DN 136:321726

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Solvent for biopolymer synthesis, solvent microdroplets, and methods of
TT
       Blanchard, Alan P.
ΙN
       University of Washington, USA
PA
       U.S., 42 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 8,120.
SO
       CODEN: USXXAM
DT
       Patent
       English
LA
FAN.CNT 2
                                 KIND
                                           DATE
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       PATENT NO.
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                                                                                            20000313
                                           20020507
                                                                 US 2000-381487
                                   В1
PΙ
       US 6384210
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       US 6028189
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       US 6419883
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       WO 9841531
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                   AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK,
             W. AL, AT, AI, AO, AZ, BB, BG, BK, BI, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CD, CM, MI, MB, NE, SM, TD, TC.
                    GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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                                                                 US 2001-817491
                                                                                            20010326
        US 2001018512
                                 A1
                                           19970320
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PRAI US 1997-821156
                                           19980116
        US 1998-8120
                                   A2
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US 2000-510270 OS MARPAT 136:321726

WO 1998-US5483

W

В1

19980320

20000222

The invention concerns a method of biopolymer, esp. oligonucleotide, AB synthesis, along with the solvents and app. involved. The method consists of coupling a first nucleotide to a second nucleotide in a high surface tension solvent. The invention also provides microdroplets of a soln. comprising a solvent having a b.p. of 1500 C or above, a surface tension of 30 dynes/cm or above, and a viscosity of 0.015 g/(cm) (sec), e.g., propylene carbonate. Such microdroplets are useful for the synthesis of chem. species, particularly biopolymers such as oligonucleotides and peptides, as well as arrays of chem. species. An automated system for oligonucleotide synthesis is described, which comprises delivery of microdroplets by inkjet technol. and computer control of the process. high surface tension solvent used is selected for compatibility with the inkjet technol. Diagrams describing the app. assembly and operation are given.

RETABLE Referenced Author	Year	VOL   PG	Re	eferenced Work	Referenced
(RAU)	(RPY)	(RVL) (RPG)	ļ	(RWK)	File
	:+====+:	====+=====	+===		HCAPLUS
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Agrawal	1992		US	5149798 A	HCAPLUS
Andrus	1991		US	5047524 A	HCAPLUS
Anon	1984		JP	59024244 A	HCAPLUS
Anon	1989		WO.	8910977	HCAPLUS
Anon	1990		WO	9000626	HCAPLUS
Anon	1992		WO	9210588	HCAPLUS
Anon	1993	l	WO	9317126	HCAPLUS
Anon	1994	1	WO	9401215	1
Anon	1994		WO	9427719	HCAPLUS
Anon	1995	1	WO	9511748	HCAPLUS
Anon	1995	1	WO	9525116	HCAPLUS
Anon	1995		WO	9535505	HCAPLUS
Anon	1997	1	FR	2747692	HCAPLUS
Anon	1997	1	WO	9719749	HCAPLUS

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Anon Anon	11997	ļ	į	WO 9744134	HCAPLUS
Anon	1998  1998	1	!	IWO 9810858	HCAPLUS
Atkinson	11984	1	1 135	WO 9825944	HCAPLUS
Barrett	11993	1	122	Oligonucleotide Synt  US 5252743 A	3
Barton	11992	1	1	1 54400-1	HCAPLUS
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Blackburn	11996	i	i	Nucleic Acids in Che	
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Brennen	1993	1	192	Human Genome Program	1
Breton	11993	!		US 5211747 A	HCAPLUS
		123	2661	Nucleic Acids Resear	HCAPLUS
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Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd		14	15399		HCAPLUS
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	•	•	1165	Bioconjugate Chemist	
Habus	1994		14350	Nucleic Acids Resear	HCAPLUS
Hayes	1989	ĺ	į	US 4877745 A	1
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Kirk-Othmer Kleinfeld, D			1378	Encyclopedia of Chem	
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	1993				HCAPLUS
McBride	1983			1	HCAPLUS
	1993			1770 5010050 -	HCAPLUS
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	1994				HCAPLUS
	1995				HCAPLUS
			151	Genetic Analysis:Bio	HCAPLUS
<u> </u>		91		Proc Natl Acad Sci U	HCAPLUS
Pirrung Ramalho	1992				HCAPLUS
Raybuck	1000			Introduction to Soli	
<del>_</del>	1998   1995			US 5763170 A	
	1995				HCAPLUS
·		13			HCAPLUS
				Nucleic Acids Res	HCAPLUS
· .				NEC Res And Develop	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1992				HCAPLUS
'		243			HCAPLUS
	1998	i			HCAPLUS
Xu . I	1996	24		Nucleic Acids Resear	

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L51 ANSWER 13 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
    2002:341792 HCAPLUS
    Cartridge and printer for printer. [Machine Translation].
    Koyama, Minoru
IN
    Seiko Epson Corp., Japan
PA
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
     Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2002127460 A2 20020508 JP 2000-326070 20001025
    PATENT NO.
PΙ
     [Machine Translation of Descriptors]. It installs memory in the ink
     cartridge, the occasion where it manages the ink, among the
     information which are housed in said memory being eliminated, it prevents
     the disappearance of the information which is troubled. Because the
     memory memory 11 inside 11 which is installed in cartridge
     itself 10 and memory 12 consisted , entry is not possible from memory
     controller 20B. Because of that, being eliminated, if you write the data
     which is troubled to memory 11 beforehand, there are no times when that
     data is eliminated with memory controller 20B.
L51 ANSWER 14 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     2002:292048 HCAPLUS
AN
     136:306381
DN
     Liquid-discharging apparatus, and its use in microarray-producing
TΙ
     apparatus
     Takahashi, Masaya
ΙN
     Olympus Optical Co., Ltd., Japan
PΑ
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE
     JP 2002116205 A2 20020419 JP 2000-310268 20001011
PΙ
     A liq.-ejecting app. is provided, with which a minute quantity of liq. is
     discharged, and a nozzle blocking is rarely generated. The app. comprises
     a liq.-holding component possessing a discharge opening and a driving
     means for generating a discharge pressure to discharge a minute quantity
     of the liq. held with the liq.-holding component. The discharge opening
     is constituted with an opening part facing an outer atm., and a micro-hole
     with a cross-sectional area smaller than that of the opening part.
     Diagrams describing the app. assembly are given.
L51 ANSWER 15 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     2002:268451 HCAPLUS
     136:275656
DN
     Method and apparatus for discharging small amount of liquid and method and
ΤI
     apparatus for manufacturing microarrays
     Takahashi, Masayaa
ΙN
     Olympus Optical Co., Ltd., Japan
PΑ
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
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JP 2002104595 A2 20020410 JP 2000-303749 20001003

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

AB A method for discharging liq., e.g. contg. nucleic acid probes, ligands, receptors, oligopeptides, enzymes, enzyme substrates, antigens, antibodies, etc., onto a substrate, involves (1) sucking the liq. from a 1st and 2nd openings of a liq.-holding material and (2) discharging a very small amt. (0.01 nL-0.3 mL) of the liq. held in the material only from the 1st opening. App. for the method comprises (A) a liq.-holding material having a 1st opening that has cross-sectional area decreasing toward the discharge direction and a 2nd opening that has cross-sectional area increasing toward the discharge direction and (B) a driving mean which generates pressure to discharge the liq. Also claimed are method and app. to manuf. microarrays by apply liq. contg. a probe capable of binding with a target substances on a substrate using the above discharge app. The method shortens the time for sucking liq., thus increasing throughput of.

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L51 ANSWER 16 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN 2002:263928 HCAPLUS

O U.S., 9 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PΤ

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6367919	В1	20020409	US 2000-615155	20000713

AB An ink container for an inkjet printer includes a body having a first ink chamber. The body also has a second ink chamber, with a fluid passage connecting the chambers. The second ink chamber has an elongated capillary portion with a light transmissive window revealing the presence of ink in the capillary portion. The first ink chamber is the primary ink storage chamber, and contains an ink-retaining foam element that contacts a capillary feature of the passage. The foam is compressed at one portion to provide a capillarity gradient, and the second chamber capillary has a capillary gradient.

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year   VOL  (RPY) (RVL	PG   (RPG)	ĺ	(RWK)	l Work	Referenced   File
Allen	1990		-+===   US 49			+=====================================
Anon	11998	i		100433		! 
Carlotta	1998	i	IUS 574			! }
Evans	1977	Ì	US 403	38650	A	1
Fling	1991	İ	US 509	54319	A	i İ
Hara	1997	-	US 561	16929	A	, 
Ishida	1990		US 493	38590	A	
Jordan	1940	1	US 219	90027	A	Ì
Kawai	1997	1	US 565	52610	A	İ
Keller	1984	1	US 444	43699	A	
Keller	1985	1	US 454	44840	A	]
Koimumi	1994	1	US 532	29304	A	
Mohr	1992	1	US 507	79570	A	
Suzuki	1990	1	US 496	69759	A	
Waseda	1995	1	US 545	53771	A	
Wostl	1969	1	US 344	48616	A	1

L51 ANSWER 17 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Ink container with ink level gauge

IN Taylor, Bret; Ward, Jefferson P.

PA Hewlett-Packard Company, USA

AN 2002:228925 HCAPLUS

TI The supply cartridge and the image formation device which has that. [Machine Translation].

IN Sasaki, Koki

PA Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE PATENT NO.

JP 2002086755 A2 20020326 JP 2000-282123 20000918 [Machine Translation of Descriptors]. In the image formation device, try PΙ to be able to grasp the exchange time of the supply cartridge accurately. Supply cartridge 30 is made installation and removal exchange unrestricted vis-a-vis the image formation device itself. The receipt device 32 which receives recording media 34 and, the 1st image visualization medicine which is received the adhesion device 37 which comes in contact with the recording media and, the receipt device it provides with the removal device 45 which removes the 1st image visualization medicine from on 50 which receives the 2nd image visualization medicine and the recording media in the supply cartridge. And, in recording media conveying road P amount used inspection expedient 43 of the recording media, amount used inspection expedient 39 of the 1st image visualization medicine, amount used inspection expedient 54 of the 2nd image visualization medicine is had for receipt device 50 in adhesion device 37. In addition, collection quantitative inspection expedient 48 of the 1st image visualization

L51 ANSWER 18 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

medicine is provided in removal device 45.

- 2001:767926 HCAPLUS AN
- Printhead substrate having an ink jet primitive structure that spans both edges of an ink feed channel
- Torgerson, Joseph M.; Bakkom, Angela White; Mackenzie, Mark H. IN
- PΑ Hewlett-Packard Company, USA
- SO U.S., 14 pp.
- CODEN: USXXAM DTPatent
- LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
US 6305774 B1 20011023 US 2000-548899 20000413

PΙ An ink jet printhead having a first plurality of ink drop generators disposed along a first edge of an ink feed slot, and a second plurality of ink drop generators disposed along a second edge of the ink feed slot that is opposite the first edge. The ink drop generators are arranged in a plurality of groups called primitives, and each primitive includes a first subgroup of ink drop generators disposed along the first edge and a second subgroup of ink drop generators along second edge, whereby the first subgroup of each primitive includes a subset of the first plurality of ink drop generators and whereby the second subgroup of each primitive includes a subset of the second plurality of ink drop generators. In this manner each primitive is bifurcated across said ink feed slot. The ink jet printhead further includes a third plurality of ink drop generators disposed along one edge of the printhead and a fourth plurality of ink drop generators disposed along another edge of the printhead that is opposite the first edge.

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year   VOL   PG  (RPY) (RVL) (RPG	Referenced Work G)   (RWK)	Referenced   File
=======================================	=+====+====	===+==== <b>===</b> ===	==+=======
Allen	1995	US 5469199	
Garcia	1994	US 5317346	
Hess	1988	US 4719477	HCAPLUS
Keefe	1997	US 5604519	

Keefe |1997 | US 5638101 - 1 Lesher |1971 | Ī IUS 3568171 ANSWER 19 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS AN 2001:730611 HCAPLUS DN 135:287585 Microfluid components and method for the surface treatment thereof TΙ IN Stelzle, Martin Nmi Naturwissenschaftliches Und Medizinisches Institut An Der Universitaet PA Tuebingen, Germany SO PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DTPatent LA German FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----\_\_\_\_ ----------WO 2001072423 A1 PΙ 20011004 WO 2001-EP3032 20010316 W: JP, US RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR DE 10015380 20011011 DE 2000-10015380 20000328 A1 PRAI DE 2000-10015380 A 20000328 A method for the surface treatment of a microfluid component is disclosed, comprising at least one channel for guiding a fluid, which terminates in an opening through which the fluid can be dispensed. The microfluid component is coated on the external surface, in the region of the tip, whereby the external surface is treated with a surface-active fluid, while simultaneously being flushed from the inside out with a non-surface-active fluid, i. e., an inert gas, which escapes through the opening. A selective coating of the external surface can thus be achieved in order to make the surface hydrophobic. Conversely the microfluid component can be made selectively hydrophilic on the inner surface, while the external surface is flushed in an inert gas. RETABLE Referenced Author | Year | VOL | PG | Referenced Work | Referenced (RAU) | (RPY) | (RVL) | (RPG) | (RWK) l File Badesha, S | 1993 | | | US 5212496 A | Univ California | 12000 | ļ | WO 0024511 A | HCAPLUS | EP 0882593 A | Xerox Corp |1998 | L51 ANSWER 20 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS AN 2001:423706 HCAPLUS TΙ Ink jet printing mechanism IN Silverbrook, Kia PΑ Silverbrook Research Pty Ltd, Australia U.S., 33 pp. CODEN: USXXAM DΤ Patent LA English FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE ---- ----PI US 6244691 B1 20010612 PRAI AU.1997-8044 A 19970715 US 1998-113084 19980710 This patent describes an ink jet printer which ejects drops on demand by activating a permanent magnetic piston located above a nozzle chamber. An activation coil is located adjacent to the magnetic piston and applies a force to the piston sufficient to cause movement of the piston resulting

in the ejection of ink. Torsional springs attached to the magnetic piston cause the piston to return to a quiescent condition upon deactivation of

the activation coil.

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RETABLE
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Referenced Author (RAU)	(RPY) (RVL)	(RPG)	Referenced Work   (RWK)	Referenced   File
=======================================		-T		
Anon	1993	1	JP 405318724 A	1
Anon	1993	1	DE 4139731	1
Jet-Line Ab	1997	1	SE 9601403 A	1
Kniepkamp	1989	1	US 4819009	i
Mielke	1988	1	US 4737802	1

L51 ANSWER 21 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2001:319586 HCAPLUS

DN 134:323104

- TI Apparatus and method for deposition and inspection of chemical and biological fluids
- IN Fisher, William D.; Martins, Henrique A. S.; Webb, Peter G.
- PA Agilent Technologies Inc, USA
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	EP 1096250	A2	20010502	EP 2000-122715	20001018

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

PRAI US 1999-429895 A 19991029

An app. and method are provided for producing and inspecting a plurality of deposited features in a pattern on a portion of a substrate surface, as in an oligonucleotide array. The app. comprises a print-head for depositing a fluid to form the array of features on the substrate surface and a camera for imaging the deposited features. The app. also comprises a print-head controller for positioning and activating the ink-jet print-head to deposit the array features. The camera, e.g., a digital line scan camera, is controlled by a camera controller such that the camera acquires images corresponding to substantially only the portion of the surface on which features should have been deposited. The camera and print-head are preferably situated such that an induced movement of the print-head relative to the substrate results in a substantially identical corresponding movement of the camera. Optionally, the app. further comprises means for comparing an image acquired by the camera with a predetd. std. to produce a signal.

- L51 ANSWER 22 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 2001:294915 HCAPLUS
- DN 134:306131
- TI Method of performing array-based hybridization assays using thermal inkjet deposition of sample fluids
- IN Caren, Michael P.; Luebke, Kevin J.
- PA Agilent Technologies, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 8 pp. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 6221653	В1	20010424	US 1999-300589	19990427
	US 2001016322	A1	20010823	US 2001-819923	20010326
PRAI	US 1999-300589	A1	19990427		

AB Methods are provided for depositing a quantity of fluid onto the surface of an array. In the subject methods, a thermal inkjet head loaded with

the fluid is positioned in opposing relationship to, e.g. over, the array surface. Actuation of the thermal inkjet results in the expulsion of a quantity of fluid onto the array surface. The subject methods find particular use in array-based binding assays in which an array of binding agents is employed for the detection of an analyte(s), particularly array-based hybridization assays.

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year   VOL  (RPY) (RVL		Referenced Work   (RWK) =+===================================	Referenced   File
Brennan	1995	-+ 	-+ <b></b>  US 5474796	HCAPLUS
Buonanno	12000	i	US 6070969	
Deeg	1994	İ	US 5338688	i
Gamble	1999	1	IUS 5958342	i
Gamble	1999	F	US 6001309	HCAPLUS
Hayes	1989	1	US 4877745	
Hayes	1997	1	US 5658802	HCAPLUS
Nishioka	1995	ı	US 5449754	HCAPLUS
Southern	1997	1	US 5700637	HCAPLUS

- L51 ANSWER 23 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 2001:261885 HCAPLUS
- TI Detection method and device and system and cartridge and memory medium of consumable stores refilling cartridge. [Machine Translation].
- IN Ito, Yoshihiro; [NAME NOT TRANSLATED], Kazuo; Watanabe, Takeshi
- PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese
- FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
TP 2001100599	2 מ	20010413	TD 1000 200466	10000000

PI JP 2001100599 A2 20010413 JP 1999-280466 19990930
AB [Machine Translation of Descriptors]. Detect the improper cartridge where can refill the consumable stores of the toner and

the ink et cetera. The toner room which fills up the toner is provided in the cartridge. When while using the cartridge, is judged as the toner being cut off, the empty information is written to cartridge memory. After adding the toner in the cartridge which becomes the toner being cut off, when loads to the printer true form, cartridge memory the empty information which was written reads out. When the empty information reads out, is judged, that it is an improper cartridge where refilling the toner is done the warning disclosure and print prohibition are done. With the proper cartridge where the empty information is not written, normal print is done.

- L51 ANSWER 24 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 2001:238026 HCAPLUS
- DN 134:273581
- TI Dual chamber single actuator ink jet printing head
- IN Silverbrook, Kia
- PA Silverbrook Research Pty., Ltd., Australia
- SO U.S., 41 pp. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 6209989	В1	20010403	US 1998-112813	19980710

PRAI AU 1997-873 A 19971212

An app. for ejecting fluids from a nozzle chamber includes a nozzle chamber having .gtoreq.2 fluid ejection apertures defined in the walls of the chamber; a moveable paddle vane located between the fluid ejection apertures; an actuator mechanism attached to the moveable paddle vane and adapted to move the paddle vane in a first direction so as to cause the ejection of fluid drops out of a first fluid ejection aperture and to further move the paddle vane in a second alternative direction so as to cause the ejection of fluid drops out of a second fluid ejection aperture. The actuator can comprise a thermal actuator having .gtoreq.2 heater elements with a first of the elements being actuated to cause the paddle vane to move in a first direction and a second heater element being actuated to cause the paddle vane to move in a second direction. The heater elements preferably have a high bend efficiency. The paddle vane and the actuator can be joined at a fulcrum pivot point, the fulcrum pivot point having a thinned portion of the nozzle chamber wall. The actuator can include one end fixed to a substrate and a second end contq. a bifurcated tongue having 2 leaf portions on each end of the bifurcated tongue the leaf portions interconnecting to a corresponding side of the paddle with the tongue such that, upon actuation of the actuator, one end of the leaf portions pulls on the paddle end.

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	(RPY)   (RVL	)   (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced   File
	+====+====	:=+====+	-===============	+========
Anon	1992	1 1	JP 404001051	1

- L51 ANSWER 25 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 2000:612487 HCAPLUS
- TI Replaceable cartridge for a printer including resident memory with storedmessage triggering data
- IN Benjamin, Trudy; Childers, Winthrop D.; Axtell, James P.;
  Bullock, Michael L.; Christensen, Kerry Trent
- PA Hewlett-Packard Company, USA
- SO U.S., 11 pp., Cont.-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-651221, filed on 22 May 1996, now CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English

FAN. CNT 1

T 1 11 1 .	0111 1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 6113208	Α	20000905	US 1997-856262	19970514
PRAI	US 1996-651221	A2	19960522		
	US 1997-845800	A2	19970425		

AB A method for controlling an inkjet apparatus employs a pluggable module which includes a memory, the inkjet apparatus being connected to a computer/display arrangement. The method includes the steps of determining when the pluggable module has been installed in the inkjet apparatus; determining if a printer driver indication in the module memory notes a newer driver procedure than the current driver procedure being used with the inkjet apparatus; and if yes, displaying a message indicating availability of the newer driver procedure. The method further enables the occurrence of a low ink indication from a pluggable ink module to automatically cause the display of a reorder message. The method also enables any selected message included in the memory to be automatically displayed upon insertion of the pluggable module.

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year   VOL  (RPY) (RVL)	,	Reference   (RWK		Referenced   File
=======================================	=+== <b>==+===</b> =	=+=====	+=======	=== <b>===</b> ===	+========
Anon	1993	1	EP 0541064	A2	
Anon	1993		IEP 0743567	A2	

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|1995 |
                                             JP 07227971
Anon
                                             |JP 07322032
                         |1995 |
Anon
                         |1996 |
                                             IEP 0720916 A2
Anon
                                             |WO 9605061
                         |1996 |
Anon
                                             |US 5049898
                         |1991 |
Arthur
                                             |US 5682140
                         |1997 |
Christensen
                                             |US 4961088
                         |1990 |
Gilliland
                         |1994 |
                                             |US 5365312
Hillmann
                                             US 5930553
                         |1999 |
Hirst
                         |1989 |
                                             |US 4803521
Honda
                         |1985 |
                                             |US 4551000
Kanemitsu
                         |1993 |
                                             US 5184181
Kurando
                         [1993 ]
                                             IUS 5272503
Lesueur
·Murray
                         11997 I
                                             IUS 5610635
                                             IUS 5138344
                         11992 I
Ujita
                                             JUS 5506611
Ujita
                         |1996 |
                                             |US 5410641
Wakabayashi
                         |1995 |
Yamaguchi
                         |1991 |
                                             |US 5021828
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L51 ANSWER 26 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN 1999:249048 HCAPLUS

DN 130:264419

TI Ink-jet printing in manufacture of microsensor devices

IN Fukushima, Hitoshi; Shimoda, Tatsuya; Morgan, Hywel

PA Seiko Epson Corporation, Japan; The University Court of the University of Glasgow

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	J-1-	_																
	PA1	TENT	NO.		KII	ND	DATE			AP	PLIC	CATIO	ои ис	Э.	DATE			
												<b>-</b>						
ΡI	ΕP	9087	25		A.	1	1999	0414		EP	199	98-30	0796	8	1998	0930		
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙΤ,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO										
	CA	2248	517		A	A	1999	0330		CA	199	98-22	2485	17	1998	0930		
	US	2001	0441	77	A.	1	2001	1122		US	200	01-8	7058	8	2001	0601		
PRAI	JΡ	1997	-2662	225	Α		1997	0930										
	US	1998	-1630	199	A	3	1998	0930										

AB An object of this invention is to provide a method of forming mol. recognizing films on sensor electrodes efficiently, within a short period of time, uniformly, and in a high quality state. Another object of this invention is to provide a method of accurately and efficiently introducing a vast no. of biol. samples for evaluation to the plural minute sensor electrode dots within a short period of time. In order to form org. thin films on electrodes, a soln. of a material for the org. thin film is accurately printed via an ink-jet onto the surface of microelectrodes as required, thereby producing a high d. array of microelectrodes. Further, a soln. of a sample substance or a liq. substance to be sensed is ejected into air via an ink-jet nozzle to fall to the surface of org. thin membranes on the microelectrodes so that the sample is evaluated.

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year   VOL  (RPY) (RVL	(RPG)	(RWK)	Referenced   File
Boeegh, P Boehringer Mannheim Gmb	1989	=+======   	WO 8905567 A   EP 0469445 A	   
Ecossensors Ltd	1991		WO 9108474 A	HCAPLUS
Newman	1992	l	ANALYTICA CHIMICA AC	•
O'Donnell-Maloney, M	1996  13	151	GENETIC ANALYSIS: BI	HCAPLUS
Plotkin	1997  43	2187	,	HCAPLUS
Williams, S	1996	1	WO 9600385 A	HCAPLUS

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=> fil wpix FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 10:29:58 ON 09 NOV 2002 COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

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L107 ANSWER 1 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

WPIX 2002-659847 [71]

DNC C2002-185591 DNN N2002-521496

Precision liquid dispenser e.g. for ink-jet printer has ejector plate and moulded polymer one-piece plate and spacer.

A32 A97 B04 D16 P42 P75 T04 DC

BALERAS, F; BRUNET, M C; FOUILLET, Y IN

(COMS) COMMISSARIAT ENERGIE ATOMIQUE PΑ

CYC

AΒ

B05B015-06 A1 20020517 (200271)\* 26p FR 2816525 PΙ

ADT FR 2816525 A1 FR 2001-2580 20010226

PRAI FR 2001-2580 20010226

ICM B05B015-06

B05B001-08; B05B001-24; B29C033-42; B29C033-68; B29C065-34; ICS

B41J002-14 2816525 A UPAB: 20021105

NOVELTY - A precision liquid dispenser, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The liquid dispenser consists of an ejector plate with at least one outlet (112), a liquid ejection control system (116), connected to the plate by a spacer forming a feed channel. The plate and spacer are moulded in one piece (110) on a silicon-based matrix from a polymer material with a cavity linked to the outlet and a feed channel. The control system, which incorporates localized heating resistances (118), is contained in a substrate (114) with the moulded plate attached to it by a weldable material (144), such as a metal with a low melting point, and a sealing fluid (148) introduced between the moulded plate and substrate by capillary action.

USE - Precision dispensing of fluids e.g. for controlled micro-pipettes, bio-chips, micro-pumps or injectors, coolers for electronic components or especially ink-jet printers.

ADVANTAGE - The dispenser provides high-resolution in an ink -jet printer, is economical to manufacture and suitable for serial production. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a cross-section of part of the liquid dispenser. One-piece moulded plate 110 Outlet 112 Substrate 114 Control system 116 Heating resistance 118 Weldable material 144 Sealing fluid 148 Dwg.7/10 CPI EPI GMPI FS FA AB; GI MC CPI: A12-W07F; B11-C03; D05-H02 EPI: T04-G02A1 TECH UPTX: 20021105 TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - POLYMERS - The moulded polymer material can be an epoxy adhesive, a polyimide or self-levelling polymer. L107 ANSWER 2 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT 2002-637962 [69] WPIX DNN N2002-504014 TIReplaceable printer component has memory to store interface identifier corresponding to user interface for printing system. DC P75 P84 T04 IN CHILDERS, W D PA(HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO; (CHIL-I) CHILDERS W D CYC 27 PΤ EP 1238810 A2 20020911 (200269) \* EN 9p B41J002-175 R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI TR US 2002127020 A1 20020912 (200269) G03G015-00 <--US 6459860 B1 20021001 (200272) G03G015-00 <---EP 1238810 A2 EP 2002-251493 20020304; US 2002127020 A1 US 2001-802507 20010308; US 6459860 B1 US 2001-802507 20010308 PRAI US 2001-802507 20010308 ICM B41J002-175; G03G015-00 1238810 A UPAB: 20021026 NOVELTY - A memory (28) stores an interface identifier (38) corresponding to a user interface (36) for the printing system (12). A communication link (30) performs communication between memory and printer controller (20) when the replaceable component (22) is installed in the printing system. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for printing arrangement. USE - Replaceable printer component. ADVANTAGE - By including interface identifier in memory, replaceable components can be designed to achieve different printing objectives. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the schematic illustration of printing arrangement. Printing system 12 Printer controller 20 Replaceable component 22 Memory 28 Communication link 30 User interface 36 Interface identifier 38 Dwg.1/2 FS EPI GMPI FA AB; GI

```
EPI: T04-G02; T04-G10A
MC
L107 ANSWER 3 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     2002-567968 [61]
                        WPIX
                        DNC C2002-161154
DNN N2002-449621
     Drop ejector unit testing method, in multi-ejector system, involves
ΤI
     scanning substrate to check whether each substrate is ejected with fluid,
     based on which fluid filling condition of ejector unit is determined.
     B04 J04 P75
DC
     BRUCE, R H; ELROD, S A; HADIMIOGLU, B B; HORINE, D A; NOOLANDI, J
ΙN
     (XERO) XEROX CORP
PΑ
CYC
     27
                   A2 20020529 (200261)* EN
                                              24p
                                                     B01L003-02
PΙ
     EP 1208912
         R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT
            RO SE SI TR
                                                     G01N035-00
     JP 2002236128 A 20020823 (200271)
                                              13p
     EP 1208912 A2 EP 2001-126952 20011113; JP 2002236128 A JP 2001-354720
ADT
     20011120
                      20001122
PRAI US 2000-718733
     ICM B01L003-02; G01N035-00
          B01J019-00; B41J002-00; G01N001-00;
          G01N035-10; G01N037-00
          1208912 A UPAB: 20020924
AΒ
     NOVELTY - The fluid filled in the vacuum nozzle in the priming system is
     ejected on the test substrates by reverse vacuum operation. The substrates
     are scanned to check whether each substrate is ejected with fluid, based
     on which the fluid filling condition of ejector unit is determined.
          USE - For testing drop ejector units in multi-ejector system used for
     biological assay such as DNA, proteins.
          ADVANTAGE - By testing drop ejector units, the biofluid loading and
     proper ejection operations are verified, and contamination and cross
     contamination are avoided, with improved operation efficiency.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a cross-sectional view
     of reagent cartridge inserted within acoustic drop ejection
     mechanism.
     Dwg.1/20
     CPI GMPI
FS
     AB; GI; DCN
FΑ
     CPI: B04-E01; B04-N04; B11-C08; B12-K04; J04-B01
MC
L107 ANSWER 4 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
                        WPIX
     2002-556725 [59]
      2002-105193 [14]
 CR
                         DNC C2002-157806
 DNN N2002-440646
     Fabricating an array of biopolymers on a substrate using a dispensing head
 TΙ
     comprising reservoir and jets having delivery chamber that has orifice
      with biopolymer/biomonomer fluid.
      B04 D16 P42 P75 S03
 DC
     CAREN, M P; SCHEMBRI, C T; WEBB, P G
 ΙN
      (CARE-I) CAREN M P; (SCHE-I) SCHEMBRI C T; (WEBB-I) WEBB P G
 PΑ
 CYC
                                                      G01N033-543
                                                                      <---
      US 2002064889 A1 20020530 (200259)*
                                               14p
 PΙ
     US 2002064889 A1 Cont of US 1999-302922 19990430, US 2001-59957 20011126
                       19990430; US 2001-59957
                                                  20011126
 PRAI US 1999-302922
      ICM G01N033-543
 IC
          B05D003-00; B41J002-15
      US2002064889 A UPAB: 20020916
 AΒ
      NOVELTY - Fabricating an array of biopolymers on a substrate using a
      dispensing head (DH) with biopolymer or biomonomer fluids (F), where (DH)
      has reservoir chamber (RC) and multiple jets including respective delivery
      chambers (DCs) communicating with same (RC), where (DC) has an orifice (\overline{0})
      and ejector, involves loading (F) through (O) into (RC) communicating
```

with (0).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Fabricating an array of biopolymers on a substrate, involves loading (M) a dispensing head with a biopolymer or biomonomer containing fluid (F), where the dispensing head has a reservoir chamber (RC) and multiple jets which can dispense droplets onto a substrate and includes respective delivery chambers (DC) communicating with the same (RC), each (DC) having an orifice and an ejector which, when activated, causes a droplet to be ejected from the orifice (O), involves loading the fluid through an orifice into a reservoir chamber communicating with the orifice, and loading (F) which has entered the (RC) through an (O) into other delivery chambers communicating with the same reservoir chamber.

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for an apparatus (I) for fabricating an array (12) of biopolymers on a substrate (10), comprising:

- (a) a substrate station on which the substrate can be mounted;
- (b) a dispensing head having a reservoir chamber, at least one jet which can dispense droplets onto a substrate, where the jet includes a capillary delivery chamber communicating with the reservoir chamber, and the capillary delivery chamber has an orifice and an ejector which, when activated, causes a droplet to be ejected from the orifice;
- (c) a cleaning station which is spaced from the substrate station, and which provides a cleaning fluid for the head;
- (d) a positioning system to selectively position the head facing any one of the stations;
- (e) a pressure source to provide to the reservoir chamber, when the head is facing the cleaning station, a holdoff pressure which is sufficiently positive to prevent cleaning fluid contacting the orifice from entering the delivery chamber; and
- (f) a processor which causes the pressure source to provide the holdoff pressure when the head is facing the cleaning station.

USE - (M) is useful for loading a dispensing head with a biopolymer or biomonomer containing fluid. (I) is useful for fabricating an array of biopolymers on a substrate using a dispensing head with biopolymer or biomonomer fluids, where the fluid is a polynucleotide containing fluid, or contains amino acid polymers, by loading the head through orifices of the jets with biopolymer or biomonomer fluids, positioning the head with the orifices facing the substrate, dispensing multiple droplets from the head orifices so as to form an array of droplets on the substrate, positioning the head with the orifices facing a cleaning station which is spaced from the substrate, exposing the head about the orifices to a cleaning fluid from the cleaning station, and repeating the above mentioned steps to form the array (claimed). (I) is useful for fabricating biopolymer arrays, particularly polynucleotide arrays such as DNA arrays, which are useful in diagnostic, screening, and gene expression analysis. (I) is useful for depositing biopolymers or other functional groups on surfaces of any of a variety of different substrates, including both flexible and rigid substrates.

ADVANTAGE - (I) provides for easy loading of the head through the jet orifices, while inhibiting air or other ambient atmosphere entering the orifices after loading to result in loss of prime in the jets. (I) also provides easy purging and cleaning of the jets. (I) provides cleaning of the regions around and outside of the jet orifices without using sprayed liquids, while inhibiting cleaning fluid from entering the jet during the cleaning operation.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) – The figure shows a perspective view of a substrate bearing multiple arrays produced by an apparatus for fabricating an array of biopolymers on a substrate. Substrate  $10\,$ 

```
Array 12

Dwg.1/10

FS CPI EPI GMPI

FA AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: B04-E01; B04-N04; B11-C08E6; B12-K04; D05-C11;

D05-H09; D05-H10; D05-H12A
```

EPI: S03-E13B1

TECH

UPTX: 20020916
TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - BIOTECHNOLOGY - Preferred Method: In (M), the fluid is drawn into the delivery and reservoir chambers, where the delivery chambers are capillary delivery chambers and the reservoir is a capillary reservoir. A negative pressure is provided to the reservoir chamber to assist in the drawing of the fluid through the orifice. The head has multiple reservoirs and a set of the multiple jets for each reservoir, and where the loading steps occur at each of multiple reservoirs. Preferred Apparatus: In (I), the head has multiple pulse jets with orifices on a common front face of the head. The cleaning station comprises a pad to carry a cleaning fluid and the positioning system, and when the head is facing the cleaning station, wipes at least one of the head and pad across the other.

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L107 ANSWER 5 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     2002-522952 [56]
                        WPIX
AN
                        DNC C2002-148369
DNN N2002-413879
     Liquid discharge apparatus for genetic testing machine, comprises liquid
     flow path with tapered micropore of small cross-section at outlet.
     B04 D16 P75 Q39 S03 S05
DC
     (OLYU) OLYMPUS OPTICAL CO LTD
PΑ
CYC
                                                     G01N033-53
                                                                      <--
     JP 2002116205 A 20020419 (200256)*
                                              10p
PΙ
ADT JP 2002116205 A JP 2000-310268 20001011
                      20001011
PRAI JP 2000-310268
     ICM G01N033-53
IC
          B41J002-015; B41J002-045; B41J002-055;
          B67D003-00; C12N015-09; G01N001-00;
          G01N031-22; G01N033-566; G01N037-00
ICA C12M001-00
     JP2002116205 A UPAB: 20020903
     NOVELTY - Liquid discharge apparatus comprising:
          (1) a liquid flow path with an outlet with an opening and a tapered
     micropore, where the micropore has smaller cross-section compared to the
     opening; and
          (2) a piezoelectric element which drives the liquid flow path in a
     discharge direction, so as to generate a discharge pressure so that a
     liquid is discharged out, is new.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the
     following:
           (1) microarray manufacturing method which involves using liquid
     discharge apparatus to discharge trace amount of liquid on a substrate
     comprising target substance to produce a microarray; and
           (2) microarray manufacturing apparatus which has a displacement unit
     that makes the substrate and the liquid flow path to move relatively.
          USE - Used in genetic testing machine, drug inspection machine,
     hemoanalysis machine and biochemical analysis device.
          ADVANTAGE - Clogging of the liquid at outlet of the liquid flow path
     is prevented and hence the discharge of small amount of liquid is carried
     out reliably with high precision.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the outline diagram of
     the liquid discharge apparatus.
           Piezoelectric element 32
          Liquid flow path 34
     Opening 39
     Micropore 41
     Dwg.1/14
     CPI EPI GMPI
 FS
     AB; GI; DCN
 FΑ
     CPI: B04-E01; B11-C03; B11-C08C; B11-C08E6; B12-K04;
MC
           D05-H02; D05-H09
```

EPI: S03-E14A1; S03-E14H1; S03-E14H4; S05-C01;

S05-C05; S05-C09

L107 ANSWER 6 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT 2002-500214 [53] WPIX DNC C2002-141658 System for dispensing nanoliter sized droplets in defined distribution TΙ pattern to form miniarrays comprises print head with pipette-based dispensers, robotic arm for carrying print head and working platform. DC B04 D16 P75 Q39 IN SHAFER, D A (SHAF-I) SHAFER D A; (GENE-N) GENETAG TECHNOLOGY INC PACYC PΤ WO 2002040634 A2 20020523 (200253) \* EN 63p C12N000-00 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW W: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW US 2002074342 A1 20020620 (200253) B41J002-04 AU 2002035128 A 20020527 (200261) C12N000-00 <--WO 2002040634 A2 WO 2001-US43918 20011114; US 2002074342 A1 Provisional US ADT 2000-248247P 20001114, US 2001-992516 20011114; AU 2002035128 A AU 2002-35128 20011114 AU 2002035128 A Based on WO 200240634 PRAI US 2000-248247P 20001114; US 2001-992516 20011114 ICM B41J002-04; C12N000-00 B67D005-08; B67D005-14; C12Q001-68 AΒ WO 200240634 A UPAB: 20020820 NOVELTY - System (S) for dispensing nanoliter-sized droplets on surface in

precise pattern of non-overlapping spots to form two-dimensional miniarray assay comprising spotter device (I) with print head (Ia) and pipette-based dispensers (Ib), a robotic/mechanical arm carrying (Ia) and working platform for holding miniarray substrates or loading samples, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:

- (1) forming (M1) a miniarray where each known location or spot in the miniarray contains an analyte specific reagent for detecting an analyte in a sample involves:
  - (a) aspirating a solution of each analyte specific reagent with (Ib),
- (b) pressuring a small defined droplet of analyte specific reagent from the narrow opening of the tip of (Ib),
- (c) touching the droplet to the surface of the miniarray substrate with an action effective to release the droplet, thereby spotting a specific location in the miniarray with a specific volume of the analyte specific reagent, and
  - (d) repeating steps (a)-(c) until the miniarray is fabricated;
- (2) diagnosing (M2, M3) a specific tissue or condition using specialized diagnostic miniarrays targeted to the analysis of the tissue or condition.

USE - (M2) or (M3) are useful for diagnosing a condition using specialized diagnostic miniarrays targeted to the analysis of the tissue or condition such as cancer, responses to an infection, responses to a therapeutic or toxic agent or stages of ageing (claimed). The miniarrays are useful in multi-analyte biological assays and are particularly useful for assessing gene expression profiles based on spotting cDNA or synthetic oligonucleotide samples.

ADVANTAGE - The miniarray formed by (M1) achieves a smaller, more condensed distribution by interspersing successive dispensing of reagents onto the array in regions between the spots dispensed previously. By shifting low density or larger format miniarrays, the development and use of low-resolution scanners is enabled. In addition such low density or large format miniarrays further enable the use of less sensitive labeling agents such as simple colored dyes as compared to the present need for

expensive, non-permanent fluorescent labeling agents. The new miniarray instrument format enables ready customization of chips for the research and diagnostics market, eliminates problems of variation and expenses associated with miniaturized equipment, and facilitates development of small inexpensive instruments that can be more widely available for expression analysis. Thus, the miniarray can replace expensive microarrays with cheaper, larger format miniarrays with similar or equivalent diagnostic value. (M1) can also be used to create miniarrays on simple, small format substrate. The novel diagnostic miniarrays are specifically planned and spotted with disease or condition specific patterns built into their organization or arrangement. The presence of gene activity levels predicted for a specific disease, tissue or condition, such as up-regulated, down-regulated or unchanged activity levels, will create a simple recognizable clustered pattern in the array. This new diagnostic invention is enabled by the greater versatility and lower costs.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the mechanically operated pipetter, hydraulic pipetter and air driven pipetter operated remotely by microtubing. The hydraulic or air driven pipetters are typically actuated by stepper motor-driven syringe pumps. Dwg.1A/9

CPI GMPI

AB; GI; DCN

CPI: B04-B03C; B04-E01; B04-E05; B11-C07; B11-C08E3; B11-C08E5; B11-C08E6;

B12-K04A; B12-K04F; D05-H09;

D05-H12D1; D05-H18B

TECH

UPTX: 20020820

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred System: In (S), (Ia) comprises (Ib) that are arranged in at least one row. (Ib) can operate simultaneously to load microliter quantities of sample analyte reagents in solution and to dispense nanoliter quantities of reagent solutions on the surface of the miniarray substrate. (Ib) has disposable tips that can be ejected and replaced automatically, or fixed tips that are cleaned and dried between sample loadings. (II) moves laterally and vertically in relation to the working platform. (Ia) is activated by actuation by remote syringe pumps that provide vacuum or pressure to (Ib), mechanical activation by minute pistons that are fixed to (Ib), or hydraulic activation by remote syringe pumps connected to the pipetter pistons of (Ib).

Preferred Method: (M1) involves:

- (A) preparing one or more set of gene specific elements that correspond to genes known to be significantly up-regulated or down-regulated in the tissue or condition relative to control sample;
- (B) preparing one or more sets of gene specific elements that correspond to genes commonly expressed in both control sample and in the tissue or the condition;
- (C) arranging the gene specific elements of (a) and (b) on a miniarray; and
- (D) applying a target sample to the miniarray, where detection of a visually distinct image from the miniarray indicates the presence of the tissue or condition.

(M2) involves:

- (A) providing one or more target samples comprising gene expression products;
- (B) constructing an addressable miniarray spotted with different binding elements;
- (C) providing a set of intermediate probes comprising a specific binding element that binds to a specific gene expression product in a target sample and a generic binding element that binds to a matching binding element spotted on addressable miniarray;
- (D) binding the set of intermediate probes to the target sample(s) in solution hybridization conditions, where different target samples are handled separately and intermediate probes capable of binding with different reporter elements are bound to different target samples;

- (E) capturing and washing the complex of gene expression products and bound intermediate probes to remove unbound intermediate probes;
  (F) denaturing or removing the gene expression products if necessary to produce a subset of intermediate probes reflecting the gene expression products and their relative frequency in the original sample;
  (G) binding the resulting subset of intermediate probes to the addressable miniarray; and
- (H) examining the binding pattern of subset of intermediate probes, where detection of a visually distinct image from the miniarray indicates the presence of the tissue or condition.

In (M1), after step (c), the tips of (Ib) are preferably replaced or cleaned. (Ib) is arranged in one, or more than one row. The releasing of the droplet of analyte-specific reagent from (Ib) is performed by ejecting sufficient volume from the tip of (Ib) to cause the droplet to release by gravity. The releasing of the droplet is alternately performed by applying electromechanical force to the tip of (Ib) to cause the droplet to release by gravity, where the electromechanical force is vibration, piezoelectric pressure or rapid mechanical actuation. (Ib) is carried by robotically controlled apparatus that provides lateral and vertical motions, thereby automating the loading of multiple reagent samples, the replacement or cleaning of pipette tips and the spotting of multiple miniarrays under programmed instructions. The tips of (Ib) are spaced 9 mm or 4.5 mm center to center to load multiple reagent samples from standard 96 well or 384 well plates. (Ib) is stationary, except for vertical motion, and miniarray substrates and reagent samples are moved under the dispensers by a robotic apparatus that moves under programmed instructions. The miniarray substrate is a coated microscope slides, flexible membranes, rigid glass, plastics, semi-rigid film, paper-based printing substrates, semi-rigid printing materials, photographic paper and high quality computer printing paper. The analyte specific reagent comprises antibodies that bind to selected proteins of the analyte sample, or polynucleotides complementary to sequences of the analyte sample, where the antibodies or polynucleotides are used to detect and measure the relative frequency with which specific genes are expressed in the sample. The analyte sample comprises total ribonucleic acid (RNA), messenger RNA (mRNA), complementary deoxyribonucleic acid (cDNA) probes made from RNA transcripts, intracellular proteins, or secreted proteins. Preferably, two or more analyte sample are labeled differently and compared by competitive binding to the same miniarray to determine relative gene expression levels between samples. The samples are labeled by a means of isotopes, indirect labeling haptens, direct fluorescent reagents, indirect fluorescent reagents, quantum dots or nanogold. In (M2), the total number of gene-specific elements is 10-1000 (preferably 50-300). The genes commonly expressed in both control sample and in the tissue or the condition are common housekeeping genes or tissue specific genes. The target sample comprises expressed RNAs or its nucleic acid copies, and where the gene specific elements spotted on the miniarray or any one of cDNAs, cloned cDNAs, synthetic oligonucleotide or peptide nucleic acids (PNA). The target sample optionally comprises expressed proteins, and where the gene specific elements spotted on the miniarray are subset of specific antibodies. The visually distinct image comprises a pattern such as a pattern that resembles a stoplight with clusters of red, yellow and green spots, alphanumeric characters, an abstract sign, shape or symbol, and a simplified symbol or picture representing a tissue or condition. Preferably, the pattern is distinguished by difference in color, intensity or location within the miniarray. The shape or symbols are triangles, rectangles, squares, circles, ovals, trapezoids, stars, hexagons, pentagons, octagons, bars, stripes, squiggles, rings, mathematical symbols or language symbols. The simplified symbol or picture representing a tissue or condition is in the shape of a lung, heart, brain, kidney, stomach, breast, colon, ragged rough edged cell or smooth round cells. The gene specific elements as described in (M2) corresponding to up-regulated genes and down-regulated genes are clustered in separate groups.

Preferably, the clusters of gene specific elements corresponding to up-regulated and down-regulated genes are further subdivided into two or more subgroups based upon significant differences in modified expression levels in the tissue or condition. Optionally, the gene specific elements are not clustered into specific groups on the miniarray, and the visually distinct image is generated by computer system. In (M3), the reporter elements are any one of direct labeling agents, indirect label-binding molecules, haptens or linker sequences that can bind a separate reporter such as labeled DNA, Gene TAGs or Chip TAGs. Preferably, the reporter elements or reporters are bound to the intermediate probes before or after the intermediate probes are bound to miniarray. Preferably, the intermediate probe comprises a first half-probe comprising a first binding element that binds to a first sequence in a target sample and a binding element that binds to a matching binding element spotted on miniarray and a second half-probe comprising a reporter element and a second binding element that binds to a second sequence in the target sample, where the first sequence and the second sequence are adjacent sequences in the target sample, and the first half-probe and the second half-probe are joined together to form a singular unit by a ligase enzyme after binding to the first and second sequences. The intermediate probes are constructed as WRAP-Probes (undefined) with universal linker/primer sequences at both ends, where increased signaling can be obtained by binding additional reporters to the universal linkers or exponentially amplifying the intermediate probes with a single primer set matching the primer sequences. The binding elements printed on the miniarray are generic oligonucleotides that are not substantially complementary to sequences of the target sample and that constitute an arbitrary set of unique addresses and unique locations on the miniarray. The binding elements printed on the miniarray are preferably organized in predefined patterns to facilitate the creation of the visually distinct image. The miniarray is printed with small subset of binding elements that create different common capture areas on the miniarray to form the visually distinct image, where the intermediate probes are grouped into different groups that each has a common binding element which binds to a matching binding element spotted on the miniarray. The groups of intermediate probes detect expression of genes that are up-regulated or down-regulated in the tissue or condition, or genes with unchanged expression levels in the tissue or condition as compared to control sample. The binding elements printed on the miniarray are any one of avidin, streptavidin, anti-hapten (preferably, dinitrophenyl or nitrotyrosine) antibody, antifluroescent dye antibody or anti-nonfluorescent dye antibody, where the matching binding elements on the intermediate probes are any one of biotin, hapten, fluorescent dye or non-fluorescent dye such as digoxygenin, fluorescein, tetramethylrhodamine, Texas Red, dansyl, Alexa Fluor 488, BODIPY FL, lucifer, yellow, Cascade Blue or Marina Blue. Optionally the binding elements printed on the miniarray are generic oligonucleotides, where the intermediate probes are grouped into different groups that each has a common binding element which binds to the oligonucleotides spotted on the miniarray.

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L107 ANSWER 7 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
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AN 2002-481523 [52] WPIX

DNN N2002-380375

TI Level control mechanism for bio-fluid drop ejector, alters level of bio-fluid within reagent cartridge and level of cartridge with respect to bio-fluid drop ejection mechanism, when bio-fluid level is detected to be less.

DC P75 S02 S03

IN BRUCE, R H; ELROD, S A; HADIMIOGLU, B B; HORINE, D A; NOOLANDI, J

PA (XERO) XEROX CORP

CYC 27

PI EP 1209466 A2 20020529 (200252)\* EN 18p G01N033-48 <-- R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT

RO SE SI TR JP 2002228672 A 20020814 (200268) 11p G01N035-10 EP 1209466 A2 EP 2001-126951 20011113; JP 2002228672 A JP 2001-339603 20011105 PRAI US 2000-721386 20001122 ICM G01N033-48; G01N035-10 IC B41J002-045; B41J002-055; B41J002-175; G01F023-00; G01N037-00 G01N033-53 ICA 1209466 A UPAB: 20020815 AΒ NOVELTY - The level of bio-fluid (38) within a reagent cartridge (12), and the level of reagent cartridge with respect to the bio-fluid drop ejection mechanism (14), are altered by an adjustment mechanism, when a level sensor detects that the height of bio-fluid within the cartridge is below predetermined level. USE - For controlling level of bio-fluid in reagent cartridge of bio-fluid drop ejector for use in biological testing for genetic defect and other biochemical aberrations. ADVANTAGE - Enables the bio-fluid drop ejector to eject bio-fluid drops in small volume, hence precise control of bio-fluid level is enabled. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a schematic view of an acoustic drop ejector. Reagent cartridge 12 bio-fluid drop ejection mechanism 14 Transducer 16 bio-fluid 38 Dwq.1/15 FS EPI GMPI FA AB; GI MC EPI: S02-C06; S03-E14H L107 ANSWER 8 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT 2002-304098 [34] ΑN WPIX DNN N2002-237951 DNC C2002-088436 Apparatus for applying micro-droplets to a substrate comprises a dosing TТ head substrate nozzle openings, media regions for filling with a liquid for dosing for each nozzle opening and a deformable component. B04 D16 L03 P42 P75 DC DE HEIJ, B; ZENGERLE, R IN (DHEI-I) DE HEIJ B; (ZENG-I) ZENGERLE R PΑ CYC WO 2002016021 A1 20020228 (200234)\* DE PΙ 66p B01J019-00 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW B05B017-04 A1 20020307 (200234) DE 10041536 AU 2001031758 A 20020304 (200247) B01J019-00 WO 2002016021 A1 WO 2001-EP1747 20010216; DE 10041536 A1 DE 2000-10041536 ADT 20000824; AU 2001031758 A AU 2001-31758 20010216 AU 2001031758 A Based on WO 200216021 PRAI DE 2000-10041536 20000824 ICM B01J019-00; B05B017-04 IC B01L003-02; B05B001-08; B05B009-04; B41J002-045 WO 200216021 A UPAB: 20020528 AB NOVELTY - Apparatus for applying a number of micro-droplets to a substrate comprises a dosing head substrate (10) having a number of nozzle openings (16); media regions (18, 20) for filling with a liquid for dosing for each nozzle opening; a deformable component (28) bordering the media regions; and an operating device (34) for operating the deformable component so

tran - 09 / 878108 that the component deforms in the media regions to simultaneously drive the micro-droplets. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a process for applying a number of micro-droplets to a substrate comprising producing a media region on a number of nozzle openings; and displacing liquid from each of the media regions by deforming a deformable component bordering the media zone so that a micro-droplet is expelled from each nozzle opening. USE - Used for applying bio-chips to a substrate to detect different materials in an unknown sample. ADVANTAGE - The apparatus has a simple structure. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a cross-section through the apparatus. substrate 10 nozzle openings 16 media regions 18, 20 deformable component 28 operating device 34 Dwa.1/17 CPI GMPI AB; GI CPI: B11-C08E6; D05-H08; D05-H09; D05-H10; **D05-H13**; L03-J UPTX: 20020528 TECH TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Features: Deformation of the deformable component is effected by relative movement between a counter holding element (30) and the dosing head substrate. The deformable component is made of an incompressible material, preferably an elastomer. The openings of the media regions bordering the deformable component have identical cross-sectional profiles. L107 ANSWER 9 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT 2002-282706 [33] WPIX DNN N2002-220824 Replaceable ink container for use in inkjet printer, has electrical storage device e.g. memory, for keeping ink container parameters, such as ink container configuration and ink volume parameters. P75 T01 T04 BULLOCK, M L; CHILDERS, W D; HELTERLINE, B L; WALKER, R A (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO 30 A1 20020206 (200233)\* EN 26p B41J002-175 EP 1177907 R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI TR B41J002-175 <--JP 2002059566 A 20020226 (200233) 14p US 6345891 B1 20020212 (200233) B41J002-175 <--CN 1336284 A 20020220 (200235) B41J002-175 <--KR 2002011090 A 20020207 (200255) <--B41J002-175 ADT EP 1177907 A1 EP 2001-306549 20010731; JP 2002059566 A JP 2001-229945 20010730; US 6345891 B1 US 2000-629120 20000731; CN 1336284 A CN 2001-124757 20010731; KR 2002011090 A KR 2001-45505 20010727 PRAI US 2000-629120 20000731 ICM **B41J002-175** 1177907 A UPAB: 20020524 NOVELTY - An electrical storage device e.g. a memory (80) is provided in a replaceable ink container (12). The storage device holds ink container parameters, such as the ink container configuration parameter and the ink volume parameter. The ink volume parameter comprises of an ink scale parameter for selecting an ink volume

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the

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range, and a fill proportion parameter.

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tran - '09 / 878108 following: (a) an electrical storage device for use with an ink container; (b) a method for storing ink container parameters in an electrical storage device; (c) a method for specifying ink volume for a system of ink containers; (d) and an inkjet printing system. USE - For providing ink to print head of inkjet printer. Also for use in e.g. facsimile, postal franking machine, textile printing device, and large format type printing systems used in display or outdoor signage. ADVANTAGE - Allows electrical storage device to redefine and retain only relevant ink container information e.g. ink volume, current ink available, ink tracking information, thus allowing size of device to be reduced. Improves resolution even when ink container has low ink DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram of an inkjet printer connected to a host computer, the inkjet printer containing an ink container and a printing head each containing the electrical storage device. Ink container 12 Memory 80 Dwg.9/12 EPI GMPI AB; GI EPI: T01-H01B; T04-G02; T04-G07; T04-G10A L107 ANSWER 10 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT 2001-625428 [72] WPIX DNN N2001-466178 DNC C2001-186279 Application of marker material to carrier surface involves applying marker material using drop on demand or impulse jet ink jet printer. J04 P75 S03 T04 FOX, M J (WILL-N) WILLETT INT LTD WO 2001051908 A1 20010719 (200172)\* EN 19p G01N001-31 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW AU 2001025322 A 20010724 (200172) G01N001-31 WO 2001051908 A1 WO 2001-GB66 20010110; AU 2001025322 A AU 2001-25322 20010110 AU 2001025322 A Based on WO 200151908 PRAI GB 2000-789 20000114 ICM G01N001-31 ICS **B41J002-04**; C09D011-00 WO 200151908 A UPAB: 20011206 NOVELTY - A marker material is applied to a surface of a carrier by applying the marker material as a fluid to a carrier using a drop on demand or impulse jet ink jet printer. The printer is one whose operation and/or design has been modified so that the droplets of fluid

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Application of a marker material to a surface of a carrier to form deposits which can interact with a product sample to provide a characteristic spectrum upon radiation with infrared, ultraviolet or other radiation, involves applying the marker material as a

striking the surface or the surface layer do not cause an unacceptable

level of disturbance of the layer.

fluid to a selected area of the surface of the carrier or of a layer carried by the carrier. The marker is applied using a drop on demand or impulse jet ink jet printer. The printer is one whose operation and/or design has been modified so that the droplets of fluid striking the surface or the surface layer do not cause an unacceptable level of disturbance of the layer and/or scattering of the applied marker material upon the surface of the carrier.

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for an apparatus for applying a fluid containing marker material to a carrier including mechanism for moving the carrier relative to an application mechanism comprising a drop on demand or impulse jet ink jet printer.

USE - For applying marker material to a test slide.

ADVANTAGE - Use of the printer enables the operator to apply thousands of droplets of fluid containing the marker material per second, accurately and rapidly.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPÍ EPI GMPI

FA AB

MC CPI: J04-B01

EPI: S03-E04E; S03-E13D; T04-G02

TECH UPTX: 20011206

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - IMAGING AND COMMUNICATION - Preferred Property: The kinetic energy of the droplets is less than 40 (preferably 8-35) picojoules.

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Component: The carrier is a planar glass strip or slide. It has an absorbent layer to which the marker material can be applied. The absorbent layer comprises silica particles in a gelatin binder.

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L107 ANSWER 11 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     2001-406924 [43]
                       WPIX
     1996-391979 [39]; 1997-042462 [04]; 1997-205167 [19]; 1997-271965 [24];
CR
     1997-300215 [28]; 1997-300216 [28]; 1997-300217 [28]; 1997-437340 [41];
     1997-491848 [46]; 1998-123168 [12]; 1998-181074 [17]; 1998-242482 [22];
     1998-242483 [22]; 1998-378966 [33]; 1998-379607 [33]; 1998-413934 [35];
     1998-545238 [47]; 1999-045630 [04]; 1999-045635 [04]; 1999-080592 [07];
     1999-083437 [08]; 1999-315034 [27]; 1999-529587 [45]; 1999-542426 [46];
     1999-580170 [49]; 1999-589947 [50]; 2000-037250 [03]; 2000-051883 [04];
     2000-223104 [19]; 2000-301980 [26]; 2001-006243 [01]; 2001-256785 [26];
     2001-264939 [27]; 2001-326774 [34]; 2001-513760 [56]; 2001-520963 [57];
     2001-541101 [60]; 2001-549252 [61]; 2001-610628 [70]; 2002-054336 [07];
     2002-121078 [16]; 2002-360599 [39]; 2002-391952 [42]
DNN N2001-300960
     Inkjet printing system for copier, printer, has print
     cartridges with contact pad and fluid interconnect on its opposing
     sides, which is inserted into carriage along specific direction.
DC
     P75 S06 T04 W02
     CHILDERS, W D; LEE, T; MARLER, J D; PAWLOWSKI, N E
ΙN
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
PA
CYC
                                                     B41J002-175
                   B1 20010515 (200143)*
                                              63p
PΙ
     US 6231173
    US 6231173 B1 CIP of US 1994-331453 19941031, CIP of US 1995-518847
     19950824, CIP of US 1995-550902 19951031, Cont of US 1996-706045 19960830,
     US 1999-256820 19990224
                      19960830; US 1994-331453
                                                 19941031; US 1995-518847
PRAI US 1996-706045
                              19951031; US 1999-256820
     19950824; US 1995-550902
     ICM B41J002-175
TC
          6231173 B UPAB: 20020829
AB
     NOVELTY - Print cartridge (31) is inserted into carriage (16).
     Contact pads and fluid interconnect on either sides of cartridge
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, electrically contact with electrode on carriage, and detachedly attached

with fluid source, respectively. Print head ejects ink droplets

based on signals from electrodes. On insertion of cartridge along specific direction, ink flows to cartridge fluid interconnect in direction opposite to specific direction. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: (a) Ink delivery system; (b) Ink providing method USE - For inkjet printer, copier, facsimile etc. ADVANTAGE - Increases flow of ink between carriage and cartridge by arranging fluid interconnect and contact pads on opposing sides of cartridge. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the perspective view and top down view of inkjet printer. Carriage 16 Print cartridge 31 1A, 1B/51 EPI GMPI AB; GI EPI: S06-A16B; T04-G02; W02-J02B3 L107 ANSWER 12 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT 2001-381560 [40] WPIX DNN N2001-279799 DNC C2001-116905 Droplet ejector used for ink-jet printing comprises a housing containing a cavity, a refill channel for infusing liquid into cavity and an ultrasonic excitation source which excites liquid and causes it to eject as droplets through nozzle. D16 L03 P75 T04 FITZGERALD, A M; LADABAUM, I (SENS-N) SENSANT CORP 95 WO 2001042019 A1 20010614 (200140)\* EN 25p B41J002-045 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW 'AU 2001020695 A 20010618 (200161) B41J002-045 <--US 6422684 B1 20020723 (200254) B41J002-135 <--EP 1235687 A1 20020904 (200266) EN B41J002-045 <--R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI TR WO 2001042019 A1 WO 2000-US33216 20001208; AU 2001020695 A AÚ 2001-20695 ADT 20001208; US 6422684 B1 US 1999-466991 19991210; EP 1235687 A1 EP 2000-984015 20001208, WO 2000-US33216 20001208 FDT AU 2001020695 A Based on WO 200142019; EP 1235687 Al Based on WO 200142019 PRAI US 1999-466991 19991210 ICM **B41J002-045**; **B41J002-135** B41J002-14; B41J002-16 WO 200142019 A UPAB: 20010719 NOVELTY - Droplet ejector comprises: a housing defining a cavity of predetermined dimensions; a refill channel connected to the cavity that allows for infusion of fluid into the cavity; a nozzle formed in the cavity; and an ultrasonic excitation source capable of ultrasonically exciting the liquid and causing ejection of a droplet of liquid in the cavity through a nozzle. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

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(a) a method of forming an ultrasonic droplet ejector; and

(b) a droplet ejector array capable of ejecting liquid.

USE - Arrays of droplet ejectors are useful in ink-jet printing, color printing (claimed), deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) chip printing (claimed) and fuel injectors.

ADVANTAGE - The resonant cavities are small enough and the excitation frequencies are high enough to enable addressable arrays of ejectors to generate droplets at rapid rates and in patterns. The refill channel has a larger flow resistance than the nozzle so that droplet ejection occurs through the nozzle and regurgitation is prevented. Each droplet ejection requires more than one cycle of acoustic excitation, but the droplet ejector rate greater than 10 kHz.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The diagram illustrates a cross section of an ultrasonic droplet ejector with an electrostatic diaphragm excitation source.

Dwq.5/8

FS CPI EPI GMPI

FA AB; GI

MC CPI: D05-H02; D05-H10; D05-H12; L03-D04D

EPI: T04-G02A

TECH UPTX: 20010719

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ELECTRONICS - Preferred Apparatus: The ultrasonic excitation source is capable of causing the cavity to resonate at a resonant frequency and thereby result in ejection of droplet from the cavity. The flow resistance across the refill channel is greater than the flow resistance across the nozzle. The ultrasonic excitation source includes a piezoelectric element, an electrostatically excited diaphragm or a piezoelectrically excited diaphragm.

The largest dimension of the cavity is an order of magnitude smaller than the wavelength of sound in the liquid at the frequency of excitation. The maximum cavity dimension is 50 microns. The housing includes a substrate, a nozzle plate, and alignment structure for mating the nozzle plate and the substrate. The ultrasonic excitation source is formed within the housing on the substrate.

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L107 ANSWER 13 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
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AN **2001-368766** [39] WPIX

CR 2001-343428 [36]; 2002-204983 [26]; 2002-360925 [39]

DNN N2001-269110

TI Apparatus for refilling a replaceable ink container using a capillary storage member for retaining and providing controlled release of ink from the container.

DC P75 T04

IN CHILDERS, W D; OLSEN, D; JOHNSON, D C; PEW, J K

PA (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO

CYC 95

PI EP 1095779 A2 20010502 (200139)\* EN 17p B41J002-175 <-- R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT

RO SE SI
WO 2001032431 A1 20010510 (200139) EN B41J002-175 <-RW. AT BE CH CY DE DK FA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE IS IJI MC MW M

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

JP 2001130024 A 20010515 (200143) 36p B41J002-175 <-AU 2001012359 A 20010514 (200149) B41J002-175 <-US 6402306 B1 20020611 (200244) B41J002-175 <-EP 1224081 A1 20020724 (200256) EN B41J002-175 <--

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI

ADT EP 1095779 A2 EP 2000-309474 20001027; WO 2001032431 A1 WO 2000-US29568 20001027; JP 2001130024 A JP 2000-325123 20001025; AU 2001012359 A AU 2001-12359 20001027; US 6402306 B1 US 2000-627958 20000728; EP 1224081 A1 EP 2000-973912 20001027, WO 2000-US29568 20001027

FDT AU 2001012359 A Based on WO 200132431; EP 1224081 A1 Based on WO 200132431

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PRAI US 2000-627958
                      20000728; US 1999-430400
                                                19991029
     ICM B41J002-175
AB
          1095779 A UPAB: 20020903
     NOVELTY - A pressurizing device (58) is coupled to an ink source
     (56) via an interconnection (60) to pass pressurized ink to the
     ink container (12) and ink is delivered into
     the network of fibers (40) in the container. The ink
     replaces air between the fibers and air passes out through an outlet (38)
     as the ink moves across an ink front (62) in the
     container during its refilling.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - AN INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for a method
     of filling a replaceable ink container.
          USE - Refilling a replaceable ink container.
          ADVANTAGE - Preventing ink leakage by providing sufficient
     pressure.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows the apparatus
          Pressurizing device 58
       Ink source 56
       Ink container 12
     Fibers 40
       Ink front 62
     Dwg.7/11
     EPI GMPI
FS
FA
     AB; GI
MC
     EPI: T04-G02; T04-L09
L107 ANSWER 14 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     2000-386808 [33]
                      WPIX
ΑN
CR
     1996-116535 [12]; 1997-395740 [37]
DNN
    N2000-289599
     Replaceable ink cartridge for providing ink
     to inkjet printer memory responds to the control signals
     received by the data terminal relative to the reference terminal for
     providing a data signal representing stored information..
DC
     P75 T04
     BULLOCK, M L; CHILDERS, W D; HIRST, B M; MIQUEL, A G; STEPHENS,
IN
PΑ
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
CYC
     1
ΡI
                   A 20000523 (200033)*
     US 6065824
                                                     B41J029-393
                                               g8
     US 6065824 A CIP of US 1994-363188 19941222, Div ex US 1996-584499
ADT
     19960108, CIP of US 1997-901299 19970728, US 1997-961852 19971031
     US 6065824 A CIP of US 5491540, CIP of US 5835817
PRAI US 1997-961852
                      19971031; US 1994-363188
                                                19941222; US 1996-584499
     19960108; US 1997-901299
                                19970728
IC
     ICM B41J029-393
AΒ
          6065824 A UPAB: 20000718
     NOVELTY - The replaceable ink cartridge has a memory
     with data and reference terminals. The memory responds to the control
     signals received by the data terminal relative to the reference terminal
     for providing a data signal representing stored information. The data
     signal is detected by an inkjet printer for use in the printing
     operation.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for
     providing data from memory of replaceable ink cartridge
     to inkjet printer.
          USE - For providing ink to inkjet printer.
          ADVANTAGE - Has electrical coupling that allows passing of data
     between ink cartridge and inkjet printer to
     ensure operation of inkjet printer is compatible with
     ink contained in ink cartridge to achieve
     optimal print quality. Has small number of electrical contacts to increase
     connection reliability between ink cartridge and
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inkjet printer. Provides consistent and improved output quality and easy to use due to automatic updating of printer parameters in printing system. Included in printing system with controller that can disable inkjet printing system to prevent dry firing and damage on print head. Ensures maximum print quality since controller is used to indicate when ink cartridge must be replaced. Has reduced manufacture cost and interconnects. Dwg.0/4 EPI GMPI AΒ EPI: T04-G02; T04-G10A L107 ANSWER 15 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT 2000-270993 [23] WPIX C2000-082593 Capillary printing system for depositing small volumes of liquid on solid substrates, e.g. for the deposition of arrays of analytes of chemical or biochemical library arrays. B04 D16 J04 BEVIRT, J; MAURINO, J R; SHALON, T; TITSWORTH, L D; SHALON, T D; SHAION, T (INCY-N) INCYTE PHARM INC; (BEVI-I) BEVIRT J; (MAUR-I) MAURINO J R; (SHAL-I) SHALON T D; (TITS-I) TITSWORTH L D; (SHAI-I) SHAION T D; (INCY-N) INCYTE GENOMICS INC WO 2000013796 A1 20000316 (200023)\* EN 30p B01L003-02 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE W: AU CA JP AU 9959153 20000327 (200032) B01L003-02 Α EP 1109624 A1 20010627 (200137) ΕN B01L003-02 R: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE US 2001013295 A1 20010816 (200149) B41K001-38 B41F001-00 US 2001013298 A1 20010816 (200149) US 6309891 B1 20011030 (200172) B01L003-02 US 2001044157 A1 20011122 (200176) B01J019-00 <--US 2002064887 A1 20020530 (200240) G01N001-10 B 20020530 (200247) B01L003-02 AU 748153 ADT WO 2000013796 A1 WO 1999-US20692 19990909; AU 9959153 A AU 1999-59153 19990909; EP 1109624 A1 EP 1999-946833 19990909, WO 1999-US20692 19990909; US 2001013295 A1 Div ex US 1998-150502 19980909, US 2001-819162 20010327; US 2001013298 Al Div ex US 1998-150502 19980909, US 2001-819166 20010327; US 6309891 B1 US 1998-150502 19980909; US 2001044157 A1 Cont of US 1998-150502 19980909, US 2001-884506 20010614; US 2002064887 Al Div ex US 1998-150502 19980909, US 2001-819172 20010327; AU 748153 B AU 1999-59153 AU 9959153 A Based on WO 200013796; EP 1109624 A1 Based on WO 200013796; AU 748153 B Previous Publ. AU 9959153, Based on WO 200013796 20010327; US 2001-819166 PRAI US 1998-150502 19980909; US 2001-819162 20010614; US 2001-819172 20010327 20010327; US 2001-884506 ICM B01J019-00; B01L003-02; B41F001-00; B41K001-38; G01N001-10 B41J002-14; B41L001-00; B41M001-00; G01N035-10 WO 200013796 A UPAB: 20000516 NOVELTY - The system includes an attachment pod, a detachable printer, a substrate, a positioner and a preservation device. The printer has a reservoir coupled to a capillary with proximal and distal openings to ambient pressure, the distal opening forming a printing tip. The positioner moves the pod relative to the substrate. The preservation device enables the printer to print agent on the substrate over long-term storage. USE - For printing small volumes of liquid on solid substrates, e.g.

for depositing arrays of analytes, e.g. chemical and biochemical library arrays (e.g. products from synthesis schemes, natural products including genetic materials). In particular, the arrangement may be used to deposit

high density arrays of biochemical reagents or analytes (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides) in high throughput, solid phase immunoassays and hybridization assays. Other liquids which may be printed include aqueous liquids, organic polar solvents such as alcohols, DMSO, acetonitrile, and non-polar solvents, e.g. benzene and chloroform. The substrate may be glass, ceramics, plastics, metals, silicone, acetate or paper. ADVANTAGE - The system can provide 10000 spot arrays on chip substrates at rates of up to 5 chips/sec. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows one embodiment of the printer. printer 11 gang print head 12 tabs 13 spring block 21 actuators 22 registration plate 23 registration apertures 24 Dwg.2/21 CPI AB; GI; DCN CPI: B04-E01; B04-N04; B10-A10; B10-A15; B10-H02F; B10-J02; B11-C07; B12-K04; D05-H10; J04-B01 UPTX: 20000516 TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Agent: The agent is a polynucleotide or a member of a chemical library. Preferred System: In use, the capillary is decelerated by tapping the tip onto the substrate to move a predetermined amount of printing fluid through the bore. The system may include a motion resistor operatively joined to the capillary to provide incomplete resistance to motion of the capillary along its longitudinal axis. The resistance may be provided by springs, an elastomeric membrane, or the weight of the capillary. L107 ANSWER 16 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT 2000-246250 [21] WPIX 2000-160203 [13] DNN N2000-184162 Replaceable ink jet printer cartridge uses a connector to pass information relating to printing parameters to a control unit, that stores the information in a memory storage unit. P75 T01 T04 BULLOCK, M L; CHILDERS, W D; HELTERLINE, B L (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO 10p US 6039430 A 20000321 (200021)\* B41J029-393 US 6039430 A CIP of US 1998-92111 19980605, US 1998-148039 19980903 PRAI US 1998-148039 19980903; US 1998-92111 19980605 ICM **B41J029-393** 6039430 A UPAB: 20000502 NOVELTY - The replaceable printer component (14), for use in an ink jet printer (10), consists of a linking connector (46), fixed to the control portion (26), which allows information to be transferred between the component and the ink jet printer. A storage device (38) is connected to the link, and configured to interact with the control portion, receiving information regarding the maintenance of the system. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for a method of collecting data from an ink jet printer. USE - Replaceable ink jet printer cartridge. ADVANTAGE - By including a memory storage device in the print cartridge, the printer can contain print parameter information.

This means that when a component is replaced, the user does not have to manually reconfigure a machine for a desired set of parameters; these are

obtained from the memory component.

FS

MC

ΑN

CR

DC

IN

PA

CYC

ADT

PΙ

IC

AB

TECH

```
DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figures shown are a schematic
     representation of an ink jet printer, with an inset diagram of
     the memory storage device.
            Ink jet printer 10.
          Replaceable printer component 14
          Control portion 26
          Storage device 38
          Linking connector 46
     2A, 2B/5
     EPI GMPI
FS
     AB; GI
FΑ
     EPI: T01-F06; T01-H01B3; T04-G02
MC
L107 ANSWER 17 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     2000-160203 [14]
                        WPTX
ΑN
     2000-246250 [21]
CR
DNN
    N2000-119576
     Ink jet printing system e.g. for copiers, printers, plotters,
TΤ
     has printing system control electronics to control operation of printing
     system.
     P75 S06 T04
DC
     BULLOCK, M L; CHILDERS, W D
IN
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
PΑ
CYC
                   A 20000201 (200014)*
                                              12p
                                                     B41J029-38
                                                                      <--
PΙ
     US 6019449
ADT US 6019449 A US 1998-92111 19980605
PRAI US 1998-92111
                      19980605
IC
     ICM B41J029-38
          6019449 A UPAB: 20000502
AB
     NOVELTY - The system has a printing system control electronics to control
     the operation of the printing system. An ink jet printhead is
     installed in the printing system. A memory device is mounted on the
     ink jet printhead and contains printhead-related data. A first
     electrical interconnect on the printhead couples the first memory device
     to the printing system control electronics when the printhead is installed
     in the printing system. An ink cartridge is installed
     into the printing system and contains a supply of ink.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A second memory device mounted on the
     ink cartridge and contains ink-related data. A
     second electrical interconnect on the ink cartridge
     couples the second memory device to the printing system control
     electronics when the ink cartridge is installed in the
     printing system. The memories provide information to the printing system
     control electronics in order to carry out a printing operation. An
     INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for a printhead for an ink jet
     printing system, an ink jet for installation into an ink
     jet printing system, an ink cartridge for an
     ink jet printing system, and an ink supply component
     configured for connection to a printing system.
          USE - For copiers, printers, plotters.
          ADVANTAGE - Provides improved printer control system which is able to
     update control parameters which are dependent upon current printer
     performance parameters contained on several consumable parts.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a block diagram of
     components of the ink jet printer.
     Dwg.1b/7
     EPI GMPI
FS
     AB; GI
     EPI: S06-A16B; T04-G02; T04-G10A; T04-H02
L107 ANSWER 18 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
ΑN
     2000-061521 [05]
                        WPIX
     1992-425861 [52]; 1994-034475 [04]; 1994-050447 [07]; 1994-050448 [07];
CR
```

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1994-202126 [25]; 1994-202134 [25]; 1994-202220 [25]; 1995-327304 [42];
     1996-172878 [18]; 1996-223228 [23]; 1996-405629 [41]; 1996-518054 [51];
     1997-013558 [02]; 1997-228537 [21]; 1997-228538 [21]; 1997-235358 [21];
     1997-489050 [45]; 1997-502516 [46]; 1997-528048 [49]; 1997-528049 [49];
     1997-528050 [49]; 1997-528051 [49]; 1997-528062 [49]; 1998-458698 [40];
     1998-483612 [42]; 1999-571401 [48]; 2000-104818 [08]; 2000-586304 [49];
     2000-593705 [54]
     N2000-048221
ΤI
     Print cartridge recharging method for inkjet printer.
DC
     P75 T04
ΙN
     CHILDERS, W D; SCHEFFELIN, J E
PΑ
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
CYC
PΙ
     US 5992987
                   A 19991130 (200005)*
                                              29p
                                                     B41J002-175
ADT
     US 5992987 A CIP of US 1994-314978 19940929, Cont of US 1996-615936
     19960314, US 1997-873614 19970611
FDT
     US 5992987 A Cont of US 5673073, CIP of US 5719610
PRAI US 1996-615936
                      19960314; US 1994-314978
                                                19940929; US 1997-873614
     19970611
IC
     ICM B41J002-175
AB
          5992987 A UPAB: 20020114
     NOVELTY - Spring loaded seal of the syringe is opened, to allow air to
     enter into chamber (153), while ink within chamber is drawn
     into reservoir, due to its negative pressure. After the
     reservoir is sufficiently charged with ink, a plunger
     (152) is pulled inside the chamber, to maintain desired negative pressure
     in the reservoir. The recharge port is sealed while the
     reservoir is maintained at negative pressure.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The process of connecting outlet port of a
     syringe (204) to recharge port of a print cartridge, involves
     connecting slidable valve (156) of syringe to valve of print
     cartridge. The syringe is removed from print cartridge
     after the ink bag is filled because to prevent air ingestion
     into ink bag.
          USE - For inkjet printer.
          ADVANTAGE - As spring loaded seal is used to the negative pressure
     created in print cartridge is maintained reliably.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows sectional view of
     syringe.
     Plunger 152
     Chamber 153
          Slidable valve 156
     Syringe 204
     Dwg.31/35
     EPĪ GMPI
FS
     AB; GI
FΑ
     EPI: T04-G02; T04-L09
MC
L107 ANSWER 19 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1999-589947 [50]
                        WPIX
     1996-391979 [39]; 1997-042462 [04]; 1997-205167 [19]; 1997-271965 [24];
CR
     1997-300215 [28]; 1997-300216 [28]; 1997-300217 [28]; 1997-437340 [41];
     1997-491848 [46]; 1998-123168 [12]; 1998-181074 [17]; 1998-242482 [22];
     1998-242483 [22]; 1998-378966 [33]; 1998-379607 [33]; 1998-413934 [35];
     1998-545238 [47]; 1999-045630 [04]; 1999-045635 [04]; 1999-080592 [07];
     1999-083437 [08]; 1999-315034 [27]; 1999-529587 [45]; 1999-542426 [46];
     1999-580170 [49]; 2000-037250 [03]; 2000-051883 [04]; 2000-223104 [19];
     2000-301980 [26]; 2001-006243 [01]; 2001-256785 [26]; 2001-264939 [27];
     2001-326774 [34]; 2001-406924 [43]; 2001-513760 [56]; 2001-520963 [57];
     2001-541101 [60]; 2001-549252 [61]; 2001-610628 [70]; 2002-054336 [07];
     2002-121078 [16]; 2002-360599 [39]; 2002-391952 [42]
DNN
    N1999-435011
ΤI
     Ink supply system for print cartridge in color
```

```
inkjet printer connected to computer.
DC
     P75 S06 T04 W02
     CHILDERS, W D; LEE, T; MARLER, J D; PAWLOWSKI, N E
ΙN
PΑ
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
CYC
                   A 19991012 (199950)*
                                                       B41J002-175
PΙ
     US 5966155
                                                63p
     US 5966155 A CIP of US 1994-331453 19941031, CIP of US 1995-518847
ADT
     19950824, CIP of US 1995-550902 19951031, US 1996-706121 19960830
     US 5966155 A CIP of US 5583545, CIP of US 5736992, CIP of US 5872584
                       19960830; US 1994-331453
PRAI US 1996-706121
                                                 19941031; US 1995-518847
     19950824; US 1995-550902
                                 19951031
     ICM B41J002-175
AΒ
          5966155 A UPAB: 20020829
     NOVELTY - Print cartridge (50) is removably supported on
     scanning cartridge (48) having rubber septum (52). Printhead in
     print cartridge has hollow needle (60) which connects with
     rubber septum. Ink chamber (61) is connected with printhead,
     chamber being connected to needle through an ink channel (62).
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Flexible tube (36) connects ink
     supply cartridges with the scanning carriage. The ink
     channel and the needle form an ink path from septum to
     ink chamber such that the path does not lie above the print
cartridge. Ink flows into the needle in an opposite
     direction to ink droplet ejection from printhead. An
     INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for an ink supply method.
          USE - In color inkjet printer, portable printer, facsimile,
          ADVANTAGE - The ink supply cartridges are easily
     accessible and maximum utilization of space is enabled. By providing
     pressure regulator in print cartridge, ink discharge
     can be made independent of the height between supply cartridge and printing head. Both pressurized and non-pressurized ink
     supply methods can be adopted. Frequent replacement of print
     cartridge is avoided.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a sectional view of the
     carriage with print cartridge.
          Flexible tube 36
          Scanning cartridge 48
          Print cartridge 50
          Rubber septum 52
     Hollow needle 60
       Ink chamber 61
       Ink channel 62
     Dwg.3A/51
     EPI GMPI
FS
     AB; GI
FA
     EPI: S06-A16B; S06-A19; T04-G02; T04-L09; W02-J02B3; W02-J05
MC
L107 ANSWER 20 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1999-580170 [49]
                         WPIX
ΑN
     1996-391979 [39]; 1997-042462 [04]; 1997-205167 [19]; 1997-271965 [24];
CR
     1997-300215 [28]; 1997-300216 [28]; 1997-300217 [28]; 1997-437340 [41];
     1997-491848 [46]; 1998-123168 [12]; 1998-181074 [17]; 1998-242482 [22];
     1998-242483 [22]; 1998-378966 [33]; 1998-379607 [33]; 1998-413934 [35];
     1998-545238 [47]; 1999-045630 [04]; 1999-045635 [04]; 1999-080592 [07];
     1999-083437 [08]; 1999-315034 [27]; 1999-529587 [45]; 1999-542426 [46];
     1999-589947 [50]; 2000-037250 [03]; 2000-051883 [04]; 2000-223104 [19];
     2000-301980 [26]; 2001-006243 [01]; 2001-256785 [26]; 2001-264939 [27];
     2001-326774 [34]; 2001-406924 [43]; 2001-513760 [56]; 2001-520963 [57];
     2001-541101 [60]; 2001-549252 [61]; 2001-610628 [70]; 2002-054336 [07];
     2002-121078 [16]; 2002-360599 [39]; 2002-391952 [42]
DNN N1999-428346
TI
     Refurbishment method for ink container for printer.
```

```
DC
     P75 T04
IN
     BULLOCK, M L; CHILDERS, W D; PAWLOWSKI, N E; THIELMAN, J L;
     BARINAGA, J A; CLARK, J E; MERRILL, D O; NGUYEN, N; OTIS, D R
PA
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO; (BULL-I) BULLOCK M L;
     (CHIL-I) CHILDERS W D; (PAWL-I) PAWLOWSKI N E; (THIE-I) THIELMAN J L
CYC
     22
                   A1 19990910 (199949)* EN
PΙ
     WO 9944830
                                              54p
                                                      B41J002-175
        RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
         W: CN JP KR US
     US 6015209
                   A 20000118 (200011)
     EP 1060081
                   A1 20001220 (200105)
                                                     B41J002-175
                                         EN
                                                                      <--
         R: DE ES GB
     CN 1286659
                      20010307 (200140)
                   Α
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                      <--
     KR 2001041526 A 20010525 (200168)
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                      <--
     US 6318850
                   B1 20011120 (200174)
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                      <--
     JP 2002505212 W
                      20020219 (200216)
                                              59p
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                      <--
     US 2002024570 A1 20020228 (200220)
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                                                                      <--
     EP 1201441
                   A1 20020502 (200236)
                                         ΕN
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                      <--
         R: DE ES GB
     EP 1060081
                   B1 20020918 (200269) EN
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                      <--
         R: DE ES GB
     WO 9944830 A1 WO 1998-US8886 19980511; US 6015209 A CIP of US 1995-429915
     19950427, CIP of US 1995-566821 19951204, US 1998-53556 19980401; EP
     1060081 A1 EP 1998-922082 19980511, WO 1998-US8886 19980511; CN 1286659 A
     CN 1998-813852 19980511; KR 2001041526 A KR 2000-709697 20000901; US
     6318850 B1 CIP of US 1995-566821 19951204, CIP of US 1997-785580 19970121,
     CIP of US 1998-34719 19980304, CIP of US 1998-53556 19980402, WO
     1998-US8886 19980511, US 1998-230950 19980808; JP 2002505212 W WO
     1998-US8886 19980511, JP 2000-534406 19980511; US 2002024570 A1 CIP of US
     1995-566821 19951204, CIP of US 1997-785580 19970121, CIP of US 1998-34719
     19980304, CIP of US 1998-53556 19980401, Cont of US 1998-230950 19980808,
     US 2001-951114 20010913; EP 1201441 Al Div ex EP 1998-922082 19980511, EP
     2002-75140 19980511; EP 1060081 B1 EP 1998-922082 19980511, WO 1998-US8886
     19980511, Related to EP 2002-75140 19980511
    US 6015209 A CIP of US 5777646, CIP of US 5825387; EP 1060081 Al Based on
FDT
     WO 9944830; US 6318850 B1 CIP of US 5777646, CIP of US 5812156, CIP of US
     6015209, CIP of US 6170937, Based on WO 9944830; JP 2002505212 W Based on
     WO 9944830; US 2002024570 A1 CIP of US 5777646, CIP of US 5812156, CIP of
     US 6015209, CIP of US 6170937, Cont of US 6318850; EP 1201441 A1 Div ex EP
     1060081; EP 1060081 B1 Related to EP 1201441, Based on WO 9944830
                      19980401; US 1998-34719
PRAI US 1998-53556
                                                19980304; US 1995-429915
     19950427; US 1995-566821
                                19951204; US 1997-785580
                                                          19970121; US
     1998-230950
                   19980808
IC
     ICM B41J002-175
AΒ
          9944830 A UPAB: 20021026
     NOVELTY - The ink container is used in an ink
     jet printing system. The container includes a data element that
     is updated by the printer to reflect the amount of remaining ink
     . The data may also include parameters of the ink. When the
     container is empty it is placed in a refilling station. This uses
     a needle (146) to penetrate the container outlet (30) and
     deliver ink (156) to the container. Air pressure (132)
     is relieved by creating an air vent (158). The data element is either
     erased and re-written or it is disabled and replaced by another data
     element or emulator circuit.
          USE - Ink container refilling for ink
     -jet printing systems.
          ADVANTAGE - Allows container to be re-used while correctly
     modifying the data element and using only existing openings in the
     container.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - Ink container
```

refilling

Container 12

Ink bag 22 Ink outlet used for re-supply of ink Air vent to relive refill pressure 158 Dwg.16/16 EPI GMPI FS FA AB; GI EPI: T04-G02; T04-L09 MC L107 ANSWER 21 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT 1999-550158 [46] WPIX 1993-313434 [40]; 1994-350645 [44]; 1995-187102 [25]; 1996-180943 [19]; CR 1996-180944 [19]; 1996-180945 [19]; 1996-180955 [19]; 1996-180956 [19]; 1996-201890 [21]; 1996-403854 [41]; 1996-403855 [41]; 1996-413712 [42]; 1996-485220 [48]; 1997-247255 [23]; 1997-310025 [28]; 1998-347653 [30]; 1999-253091 [18]; 1999-315034 [27]; 1999-518074 [43]; 2000-021759 [52]; 2001-101963 [11] DNC **C1999-160334** DNN N1999-407030 Ink jet drop ejection system used in ink jet printers, A97 E13 E17 E21 E23 E24 G02 G05 T04 DC CHILDERS, W D; COURIAN, K J; DONOVAN, D H; KEEFE, B J; MORITZ, J G; PRASAD, K A; SADER, R A; STEINFIELD, S W; STOFFEL, J L; WEBB, S L PA(HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO CYC 62p A 19990831 (199946)\* B41J002-05 PΙ US 5946012 US 5946012 A Cont of US 1992-862086 19920402, CIP of US 1994-179866 ADT 19940111, CIP of US 1994-319896 19941006, Cont of US 1996-608376 19960228, US 1998-90968 19980604 US 5946012 A Cont of US 5278584, CIP of US 5625396, CIP of US 5648805 19960228; US 1992-862086 19920402; US 1994-179866 PRAI US 1996-608376 19941006; US 1998-90968 19980604 19940111; US 1994-319896 ICM **B41J002-05** IC 5946012 A UPAB: 20010813 AΒ NOVELTY - Novel pigment-based inks are used in ink jet drop ejection systems to give high optical densities, with excellent permeance, no fade, better waterfastness, and good stability. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An ink jet drop ejection system comprises: (a) a substantially rectangular substrate having a top surface and an opposing bottom surface, and having a first outer edge along a periphery of the substrate and a second outer edge along the opposite periphery of the substrate; (b) a nozzle part having ink orifices formed in it and positioned to overlie the top surface of the substrate; (c) first and second ink ejection elements formed on the top surface of the substrate, each of which comprise a firing element in a vaporization chamber and is located approximate to an associated one of the orifices for causing a portion of ink to be expelled from the associated orifice as the ink jet drop ejection system is moved along a scan direction; (d) an ink reservoir for holding a quantity of ink; (e) a fluid channel, communicating with the reservoir, leading to each of the orifices and the ink ejection elements, and allowing ink to flow from the ink reservoir, around the first outer edge of the substrate and to the top edge of the substrate so as to be proximate to the orifices and the ink ejection elements; (f) a separate inlet passage defined by a barrier layer for each vaporization chamber connecting the fluid channel with the vaporization chamber for allowing high frequency refill of the vaporization chamber; (g) a group of the firing elements in adjacent relationship forming a primitive in which only one firing element in the primitive is activated at a time by a combination of a primitive select signal and a firing element address signal; and (h) circuit means for transmitting firing signals to the ink firing elements at a maximum frequency greater than 9 kHz. The first ink ejection elements are arranged in a first array along

the first outer edge and the second ink ejection elements are arranged in a second array along the second outer edge. Each vaporization chamber and associated orifice is offset from adjacent vaporization chambers and orifices along a direction perpendicular to the scan direction. The address signals associated with each firing element in a primitive is sequentially generated in time in a fixed sequence. The timing of the firing of offset firing elements in the primitive by the sequence address signals is such that later-occurring address signals in the fixed sequence control the firing of offset firing elements that are located downstream from other firing elements in each of the first array and the second array with respect to the scan direction. The combination of the firing of one firing element in a primitive at a time and the firing of offset firing elements by later-occurring address signals in the fixed sequence reduces the crosstalk between the vaporization chambers. The ink jet drop ejection system forms a part of a color set comprising at least one ink, comprising at least one colorant in an aqueous vehicle.

USE - Used in ink jet and other types of printers, especially ink jet drop generators.

ADVANTAGE - The use of pigment based **inks** provides high optical densities, excellent permeance, no fade, better waterfastness, and good stability. Also good drop generator stability is obtained.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a portion of the adhesive seal (90), applied to the inner raised wall (54) and wall openings (55, 56), surrounding the substrate (28) and showing the substrate (28) being adhesively secured to a central portion of the flexible circuit (18) by the thin adhesive layer (84) on the top surface of the barrier layer (30) containing the ink channels and vaporization chambers (92, 94). Ink (88) from the ink reservoir (12) flows through the central slot (52) formed in the print cartridge (10) and flows around the edges (86) of the substrate (28) through ink channels (80) into the vaporization chambers (92, 94). Thin film resistors (96, 98) are shown within the vaporization chambers (92, 94) respectively. When the resistors (96, 98) are energized, the ink within the vaporization chambers (92, 94) are ejected, as illustrated by the emitted drops of ink (101, 102).

Dwg.13/37

FS CPI EPI

FA AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: A12-W07D; A12-W07F; E07-D03; E10-E04H; E10-E04J; E21-B05; E21-B06; E21-B07; E23-A02; E25-D; E25-E02; G02-A04A; G05-F03

EPI: T04-G02A; T04-G02C

TECH UPTX: 19991110

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - POLYMERS - Preferred System: The firing elements are arranged in a staggered configuration along the substrate such that adjacent firing elements are located at different shelf lengths along its edge. Each of the separate inlet passage, or every other one, for each vaporization chamber additionally has peninsulas. Alternatively the firing elements are arranged along the substrate at substantially identical shelf lengths along its edge. The substrate rotated with respect to the scan direction to compensate for timing delays between adjacent nozzles and by an amount given by theta = arcsine((vasteriskt)/D), where v is the scan velocity of the ink jet drop ejection system, t is the time delay between firing two adjacent ink ejection elements, and D is the distance between adjacent nozzles. The vaporization chambers are substantially rectangular or circular. A group of the vaporization chambers in adjacent relationship form a primitive in which only one vaporization chamber in the primitive is activated at a time. The separate inlet passage for each vaporization chamber has pinch points formed in the barrier layer to prevent crosstalk and overshoot during high frequency operation. Preferred Colorant: The colorant comprises a pigment which is black selected from Reactive Black 31, Project Fast Black 2, Food Black 2,

Direct Black 168, Direct Black 19 and Mobay Special Direct Black (SP), or is selected from cyan pigments, selected from Direct Blue 86 and Direct Blue 99, yellow pigments of Direct Yellow 86 and magenta pigments of Acid red 249. The pigment has a particle size of 20-99 nm or 100-125 nm or 126-200 nm. The ink further includes a pigment dispersant which is an acrylic, a non-acrylic, a block polymer, or a non-block polymer selected from random, star and graft polymers. The dispersant comprises at least one hydrophilic molecule covalently bonded to the pigment. ink has a viscosity of 1.2-2.5 cp or 2.6-3.4 cp or 3.5-8 cp, a surface tension of 30-49 cp, or 50-58 cp, or 59-65 cp. Preferred Vehicle: The vehicle includes a dry time component comprising at least 2 alcohols, or at least 1 alcohol, in an amount sufficient to provide the ink with a dry time of 15-45 seconds on typical office copier papers. The vehicle contains 2-60, preferably 3-15 wt.% at least one cosolvent of polyethylene glycol selected from diethylene glycol, glycerol, triethylene glycol, N-methyl pyrrolidone, tetraethylene glycol, 1,4-butanediol, 1,2-pentanediol, and 1,5-pentanediol, and 8-10, preferably 3-8 wt.% 2-pyrrolidone.

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ABEX
     EXAMPLE - None given.
L107 ANSWER 22 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1999-433308 [37]
                        WPIX
                        DNC C1999-127898
DNN N1999-322654
     Contents information display method in test tube used for clinical
     laboratory - involves printing contents information on plastic outer
     surface of test tube.
     A96 B04 J04 P31 P75 P85 S03
DC
     (TOXW) TOYO INK MFG CO LTD
PA
CYC
                 A 19990702 (199937)*
                                               4p
                                                     G01N035-02
                                                                      <--
     JP 11174060
PΙ
    JP 11174060 A JP 1997-343541 19971215
ADT
PRAI JP 1997-343541
                      19971215
     ICM G01N035-02
     ICS A61B005-14; G01N001-10; G09F007-00
    B01L003-14; B41J002-01
ICA
     JP 11174060 A UPAB: 19990922
     NOVELTY - A plastic outer surface with ink acceptance property
     paper is formed. The content information of test tube is printed on the
     plastic outer surface.
          USE - In test tube used in clinical laboratory.
          ADVANTAGE - Enables easy printing by providing discardable plastic
     sheet.
     Dwg.0/0
     CPI EPI GMPI
FS
FΑ
     CPI: A11-C04A; A12-V03C2; B11-C09; B12-K04; J04-B01
MC
     EPI: S03-E13B; S03-E15
L107 ANSWER 23 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1999-231408 [20]
                        WPTX
ΑN
DNN N1999-171424
                        DNC C1999-068163
     Manufacturing highly sensitive sensor device comprising organic thin films
     is useful for detecting trace amounts of substances e.g. biomolecules or
     other organic material.
     A26 A32 A96 B04 D16 G05 P75 S03
     FUKUSHIMA, H; MORGAN, H; SHIMODA, T
     (SHIH) SEIKO EPSON CORP; (UNIU) UNIV GLASGOW; (FUKU-I) FUKUSHIMA H;
     (MORG-I) MORGAN H; (SHIM-I) SHIMODA T
CYC
                   A1 19990414 (199920) * EN
                                              16p
                                                     G01N033-543
                                                                      <--
PΙ
     EP 908725
         R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT
            RO SE SI
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CA 2248517 A1 19990330 (199937) EN G01N027-30 <--JP 2000033712 A 20000202 (200017) B41J002-175 8p <--US 2001044177 A1 20011122 (200176) H01L021-8238 EP 908725 A1 EP 1998-307968 19980930; CA 2248517 A1 CA 1998-2248517 19980930; JP 2000033712 A JP 1997-266225 19970930; US 2001044177 Al Div ex US 1998-163199 19980930, US 2001-870588 20010601 PRAI JP 1997-266225 19970930 ICM B41J002-175; G01N027-30; G01N033-543; H01L021-8238 ICS B41J002-01; B41J002-16; C12Q001-68; G01N027-327 AB 908725 A UPAB: 19990525 NOVELTY - The manufacture of the sensor device comprises forming organic thin films on an arbitrarily chosen electrode board circuit and electrodes, and a transducing element capable of transducing information recognized by the organic thin films into electric signals. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A solution of a material of the thin film is accurately printed via an ink-jet nozzle as micro-dots onto the required surfaces of microelectrodes so that organic film is formed on the electrodes therefore realizing highly dense microelectrodes. An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a method for evaluating the function of a solution where the sensor device, the solution of a substance or a liquid substance to be sensed is ejected as micro-dots into air via the ink-jet nozzle comprises a biomolecules e.g. protein, DNA, antibody etc., or a physiologically active substance. USE - The device is useful for detecting trace amounts of a substance e.g. biomolecules or other organic material. ADVANTAGE - The device is highly sensitive and functions on a real time basis. The device comprises uniform, high quality film on sensor electrodes. The method comprises the accurate application of a great number of biological samples to be evaluated onto the plural minute sensor electrode dots in a short time and efficiently. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The diagram illustrates how minute electro-conductive polymer electrodes are formed using an ink -jet. .Dwg.1/7 CPI EPI GMPI FS AB; GI CPI: A06-A00E2; A06-A00E3; A09-A03; A11-B05; A12-E13; A12-E14; A12-V03C2; B04-C03; B04-E01; B04-G01; B04-N04; B11-C08D1; B12-K04; D05-H09; D05-H11; D05-H12; G05-F03 EPI: S03-E03C1; S03-E14; S03-E14H4 TECH UPTX: 19990517 TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Sensor: The solution of a material of the thin film comprises a composition resulting from the dissolution of an electro-conductive polymer in a solvent, a solution of a silicone-based surface modifying agent and/or a mixture resulting from dissolution of a thiol compound in a solvent and gold thin films are formed on the surface of the electrodes. The solution of a substance or a liquid substance to be sensed is ejected into the air via an ink-jet nozzle to fall as micro-dots on the surface of organic thin membranes formed on the microelectrodes so that the substance is submitted to evaluation. The electrodes and electric circuit are formed on a plastic substrate (especially comprising poly-silicone thin film transistors). TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - POLYMERS - Preferred Sensor: The solution of a material

of the thin film comprises a composition resulting from the dissolution of an electro-conductive polymer in a solvent. The electrodes and electric circuit are formed on a plastic substrate (especially comprising poly-silicone thin film transistors).

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Sensor: The solution comprises a silicone-based surface modifying agent and/or a mixture

resulting from dissolution of a thiol compound in a solvent and gold thin films are formed on the surface of the electrodes. The electrodes and electric circuit are formed on a plastic substrate (especially comprising poly-silicone thin film transistors).

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Sensor: The solution of a substance or a liquid substance to be sensed is ejected into the air via an **ink**-jet nozzle to fall as micro-dots on the surface of organic thin membranes formed on the microelectrodes so that the substance is submitted to evaluation.

ABEX

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EXAMPLE - No examples given.
L107 ANSWER 24 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
ΑN
     1999-045630 [04]
                        WPIX
CR
     1996-391979 [39]; 1997-042462 [04]; 1997-205167 [19]; 1997-271965 [24];
     1997-300212 [28]; 1997-300215 [28]; 1997-300216 [28]; 1997-300217 [28];
     1997-437340 [41]; 1997-491848 [46]; 1998-123168 [12]; 1998-181074 [17];
     1998-242482 [22]; 1998-242483 [22]; 1998-378966 [33]; 1998-379607 [33];
     1998-413934 [35]; 1998-545238 [47]; 1999-044840 [04]; 1999-044841 [04];
     1999-045635 [04]; 1999-080592 [07]; 1999-083437 [08]; 1999-315034 [27];
     1999-529587 [45]; 1999-542426 [46]; 1999-580170 [49]; 1999-589947 [50];
     2000-037250 [03]; 2000-051883 [04]; 2000-223104 [19]; 2000-301980 [26];
     2001-006243 [01]; 2001-256785 [26]; 2001-264939 [27]; 2001-326774 [34];
     2001-406924 [43]; 2001-513760 [56]; 2001-520963 [57]; 2001-541101 [60];
     2001-549252 [61]; 2001-610628 [70]; 2002-054336 [07]; 2002-121078 [16];
     2002-360599 [39]; 2002-391952 [42]; 2002-546529 [58]
DNN N1999-033246
     Fluidic and electrical adaptor for alternate ink delivery units
     - has printing system using ink cartridges that are
     replaced by adaptor feeding ink and electrical signals from
     remote source.
DC
     P75 T04
IN
     BULLOCK, M L; CHILDERS, W D; GASVODA, E L; PAWLOWSKI, N E;
     TALPOS, O A; COWGER, B; TALPOS, O; HMELAR, S M; MERRILL, D O
PA
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO; (BULL-I) BULLOCK M L;
     (CHIL-I) CHILDERS W D; (GASV-I) GASVODA E L; (PAWL-I) PAWLOWSKI N E;
     (TALP-I) TALPOS O
CYC
     29
PΙ
     WO 9855318
                   A1 19981210 (199904) * EN
                                              71p
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                     <--
        RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
         W: CN JP KR US
     EP 940260
                  Al 19990908 (199941) EN
         R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT
            RO SE SI
                  A 19991221 (200010)
     JP 11348308
                                              15p
     EP 994779
                  A1 20000426 (200025)
                                                     B41J002-175
                                         EΝ
                                                                     <--
         R: DE ES GB
     US 6074042 A 20000613 (200035)
                                                     B41J002-14
                                                                     <--
     CN 1259086
                 A 20000705 (200052)
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                     <---
                 A 20001010 (200052)
     US 6130695
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                     <---
                  A 20001115 (200115)
     CN 1273553
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                     <--
     KR 2001013263 A 20010226 (200154)
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                     <--
     KR 2001013264 A 20010226 (200154)
                                                     B41J002-175 ·
                                                                     <--
     US 6322205
                  B1 20011127 (200175)
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                     <--
     US 2002024571 A1 20020228 (200220)#
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                     <--
     JP 2002513340 W 20020508 (200234)
                                              89p
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                     <--
                  A2 20020703 (200251) EN
     EP 1219448
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                     <---
         R: DE ES GB
    WO 9855318 A1 WO 1998-US8887 19980511; EP 940260 A1 EP 1999-301568
ADT
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ADT WO 9855318 A1 WO 1998-US8887 19980511; EP 940260 A1 EP 1999-301568 19990302; JP 11348308 A JP 1999-53696 19990302; EP 994779 A1 EP 1998-922083 19980511, WO 1998-US8887 19980511; US 6074042 A US 1997-871566 19970604; CN 1259086 A CN 1998-805764 19980511; US 6130695 A CIP of US

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1995-429915 19950427, CIP of US 1995-566818 19951204, CIP of US
     1997-785580 19970121, CIP of US 1997-869151 19970604, US 1998-34874
     19980304; CN 1273553 A CN 1998-805770 19980603; KR 2001013263 A KR
     1999-711255 19991201; KR 2001013264 A KR 1999-711256 19991201; US 6322205
     B1 CIP of US 1997-785580 19970121, CIP of US 1997-871566 19970604, CIP of
     US 1998-34874 19980304, WO 1998-US8887 19980511, US 1998-125086 19980807;
     US 2002024571 A1 Cont of US 1998-125086 19980807, US 2001-975295 20011010;
     JP 2002513340 W WO 1998-US8887 19980511, JP 1999-502413 19980511; EP
     1219448 A2 Div ex EP 1998-922083 19980511, EP 2002-75897 19980511
     EP 994779 A1 Based on WO 9855318; US 6130695 A CIP of US 5812156, CIP of
     US 5825387, CIP of US 5844580, CIP of US 5900896; US 6322205 B1 CIP of US
     5812156, CIP of US 6074042, CIP of US 6130695, Based on WO 9855318; JP
     2002513340 W Based on WO 9855318; EP 1219448 A2 Div ex EP 994779
                      19980304; US 1997-871566
                                                 19970604; US 1995-429915
PRAI US 1998-34874
                               19951204; US 1997-785580
                                                           19970121; US
     19950427; US 1995-566818
                   1.9970604; US 1998-125086
                                              19980807; US 2001-975295
     1997-869151
     20011010
IC
     ICM B41J002-14; B41J002-175
AΒ
     WO
          9855318 A UPAB: 20021031
     The printing system has a number of print heads that are supplied with
     ink from replaceable cartridges. The cartridges
     include an electrical system that allows ink levels to be
     monitored. The normal cartridges have connections to an
     ink feed line (20) and a pressuried air line (20) used to
     pressurise a cartridge. The electrical system has a connector
     (100) used to read data from the cartridge. This may include the
     original ink volume and an updates for a writeable memory.
          An adaptor (145,151) connects to the ink and electrical
     connector and leads to a large external reservoir (146) and
     signal supply (155) that simulates the normal cartridge signals.
          ADVANTAGE - Allows the conventional cartridge to be
     replaced by larger sources of ink while maintaining normal
     operationl.
     Dwg.1/22
     EPI GMPI
FS
     AB; GI
FΑ
     EPI: T04-G02; T04-G10A
MC
L107 ANSWER 25 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1999-044841 [04]
                        WPIX
CR
     1997-300212 [28]; 1999-044840 [04]; 1999-045630 [04]; 2001-610628 [70];
     2002-546529 [58]
DNN
    N1999-032739
     Replaceable ink container for inkjet printer
     - has fixed housing that engages linear actuator to prevent its movement
     from one position to another position where ink exhaust signal
     is generated.
DC
     P75 T04
     BARINAGA, J A; CAMERON, J; CHILDERS, W D; UNDERWOOD, J A
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO; (BARI-I) BARINAGA J A;
     (CAME-I) CAMERON J; (CHIL-I) CHILDERS W D; (UNDE-I) UNDERWOOD J A
CYC
                   A 19981201 (199904)*
                                                      B41J002-195
                                                                      <--
                                               12p
PΙ
     US 5844580
                                                      B41J002-175
                   A1 19981210 (199904) EN
                                                                      <--
     WO 9855321
        RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
         W: CN JP KR
                                                      B41J002-175
                   A1 20000614 (200033)
                                         F.N
     EP 1007364
         R: DE ES FR GB IT
                   A 20000705 (200052)
                                                      B41J002-175
     CN 1259089
     KR 2001013253 A 20010226 (200154)
                                                      B41J002-175
                                                                      <--
     JP 2002508721 W 20020319 (200222)
                                               32p
                                                      B41J002-175
                                                                      <--
                                                      B41J002-175
                   B1 20020918 (200269)
                                          EN
     EP 1007364
```

R: DE ES FR GB IT

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ADT US 5844580 A CIP of US 1995-566819 19951204, US 1997-869151 19970604; WO
     9855321 A1 WO 1998-US11363 19980602; EP 1007364 A1 EP 1998-925197
     19980602, WO 1998-US11363 19980602; CN 1259089 A CN 1998-805768 19980602;
     KR 2001013253 A KR 1999-711244 19991201; JP 2002508721 W WO 1998-US11363
     19980602, JP 1999-502788 19980602; EP 1007364 B1 EP 1998-925197 19980602,
     WO 1998-US11363 19980602
    EP 1007364 A1 Based on WO 9855321; JP 2002508721 W Based on WO 9855321; EP
     1007364 B1 Based on WO 9855321
                    19970604; US 1995-566819 19951204
PRAI US 1997-869151
     ICM B41J002-175; B41J002-195
AΒ
          5844580 A UPAB: 20021031
     The container (20) includes an ink reservoir
     (24') with an outlet (28') which is in connection with fluid inlet of
     printer. A fixed housing is provided for engaging a linear actuator (40).
     The linear actuator is moved between two different positions.
          An ink exhaust signal is generated at the first position.
     The housing engages the actuator to prevent movement of actuator from
     second position to first position.
          ADVANTAGE - Provides reliable technique for determining ink
     exhaust condition.
     Dwg.5/6
     EPI GMPI
FS
FA
     AB; GI
     EPI: T04-G02; T04-L09
MC
L107 ANSWER 26 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1998-585557 [50]
                       WPIX
AN
DNN N1998-456479
     Replaceable ink cartridge for inkjet
TI
     printing system - has memory storing ink identity whereby
     ink usability is determined by printer decoding identity parameter
     using key on casing as identification aid.
DC
     P75 T04
     BULLOCK, M L; CHILDERS, W D; HMELAR, S M; MERRILL, D O;
IN
     UNDERWOOD, J A
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
PΑ
CYC
                   A2 19981118 (199850)* EN
                                              11p
                                                     B41J002-175
PΙ
     EP 878307
         R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT
            RO SE SI
     JP 10323995 A 19981208 (199908)
                                               q8
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                      <--
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                      <---
     EP 878307
                   B1 20020313 (200219) EN
         R: DE FR GB IT
                  E 20020418 (200234)
                                                     B41J002-175
     DE 69804148
    EP 878307 A2 EP 1998-303549 19980506; JP 10323995 A JP 1998-130745
ADT
     19980513; EP 878307 B1 EP 1998-303549 19980506; DE 69804148 E DE
     1998-604148 19980506, EP 1998-303549 19980506
FDT DE 69804148 E Based on EP 878307
PRAI US 1997-857722
                      19970516
     ICM B41J002-175
IC
           878307 A UPAB: 19981223
AB
     EΡ
     The ink cartridge has a casing with a fluidic coupler
     (20) coupled to a reservoir for holding ink and an
     electrical connector (24). A memory is coupled (26) to the connector for
     storing an identity parameter from which an identity of {\tt ink}
     stored in the reservoir can be identified.
          A key (62,64) on casing indicates that an ink type in the
     reservoir is within the first class of compatible ink
     types, but not that it is usable with the printer (10). Usability is
     determined by the printer decoding the identity parameter and that the
     ink identity is one that can be used by the printer.
          USE - For assuring inkjet printer will only operate when
```

replacement ink cartridge has been inserted containing

ink which is compatible with the printer.

ADVANTAGE - Prevents insertion of replacement ink cartridge into printer if it contains severely incompatible ink. Allows initial insertion of replaceable ink cartridge if cartridge contains incompatible ink without creating irreversible printer damage. Dwg.3/5 FS EPI GMPI FA AB; GI MC EPI: T04-G02; T04-L09 L107 ANSWER 27 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT AN **1998-559288** [48] WPIX DNN N1998-436133 ΤI Inkjet printer with multiple cartridge printhead assembly - has memory element with array of ink injection elements containing parameters that relate to characteristics of first and second array. DC P75 T04 IN CHILDERS, W D; LEE, T; MARLER, J D; PAWLOWSKI, N E; SEU, P D PA (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO CYC PΙ EP 875379 A2 19981104 (199848) \* EN 23p B41J002-05 R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI JP 10309804 19981124 (199906) B41J002-01. Α 14p <--US 5975677 19991102 (199953) Α B41J002-145 <--EP 875379 A2 EP 1998-302607 19980402; JP 10309804 A JP 1998-113651 19980423; US 5975677 A US 1997-846969 19970430 PRAI US 1997-846969 19970430 ICM B41J002-01; B41J002-05; B41J002-145 B41J002-14; B41J002-15; B41J002-16; B41J002-175 AΒ 875379 A UPAB: 19981203 The printing system includes two arrays of ink ejection elements (82') formed on substrate surfaces for ejecting ink droplets of a first (21) and a second ink (23), respectively. A memory element associated with the first ink injection array contains parameters that relate droplet ejection characteristics of the first and second arrays of the ink ejection elements. A support structure fixes the first and the second arrays of ink ejection elements together. The two substrate surfaces are formed on separate substrates or on the same substrate. ADVANTAGE - Provides accurate method of ensuring precise dot to dot registration between multiple colourants in inkjet printer. Dwg.9/13 FS EPI GMPI FΑ AB; GI MC. EPI: T04-G02; T04-G10A L107 ANSWER 28 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT 1998-457863 [40] AN WPIX DNN N1998-357396 DNC C1998-138472 TIMultiple diagnosis test element - has a carrier printed in a screen with fluid droplets to give test points for the sample fluids to give an image at a fluorescent scanner. DC B04 D16 J04 S03 TN EICHENLAUB, U; MASCH, M PΑ (BOEF) BOEHRINGER MANNHEIM GMBH; (HOFF) ROCHE DIAGNOSTICS GMBH CYC 35 PΙ DE 19707204 A1 19980827 (199840)\* G01N031-22 <--WO 9836833 A1 19980827 (199841) DE B01L003-02 RW: AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

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W: AU BR BY CA CN CZ HU IL JP KR MX NO NZ PL RU UA US
                                                     B01L003-02
     AU 9866229
                   A 19980909 (199905)
                   A1 19991208 (200002) DE
     EP 961654
                                                     B01L003-02
         R: AT CH DE ES FR GB IT LI NL
     JP 2001518181 W 20011009 (200174)
                                                     G01N035-02
                                              g8E
ADT DE 19707204 A1 DE 1997-19707204 19970224; WO 9836833 A1 WO 1998-EP1022
     19980223; AU 9866229 A AU 1998-66229 19980223; EP 961654 A1 EP 1998-908108
     19980223, WO 1998-EP1022 19980223; JP 2001518181 W JP 1998-536276
     19980223, WO 1998-EP1022 19980223
    AU 9866229 A Based on WO 9836833; EP 961654 Al Based on WO 9836833; JP
     2001518181 W Based on WO 9836833
PRAI DE 1997-19707204 19970224
     ICM B01L003-02; G01N031-22; G01N035-02
          B41J002-01; B41J013-32; G01N001-00;
          G01N033-52; G01N033-53; G01N033-543;
          G01N035-10
     DE 19707204 A UPAB: 19981014
     System for producing a multiple diagnostic test element comprises a
     carrier which has an analysis zone to apply diagnostic test points, with
     one or more limit edges for positioning the carrier in each direction.
     The carrier, in an initial holder, is positioned through one or more limit
     edges. An initial printer head is positioned over the holder, to apply
     droplets of an initial fluid on the analysis zone. The holder is moved
     laterally in a sliding movement, for the carrier to be transferred to a
     second holder and positioned by one or more limit edges. A second printer
     head, over the carrier, applies droplets of a second fluid to the analysis
     zone. A further unit slides the holder laterally with positioning. A
     transport system moves the carrier in the holders. A control determines
     the actions of the transport system, the holders, positioning units and
     the printer heads.
          Also claimed are (1) a multiple test element, with an analysis zone
     containing a number of circular test points in a given screen pattern; the
     dia. of the test points is at most 350 mu m, and their centres deviate by
     at most 40 mu m from the screen pattern; and (2) an analysis operation
     with the test elements, where a sample fluid is applied to the analysis
     zone, and an image is taken of the test point screen; the image, showing
     the test points, is evaluated, to determine the presence and/or
     concentration of one or more substances.
          USE - The test points contain antibodies e.g. against thyroid
     stimulant hormones (TSH), dioxin, hepatitis C, hepatitis B, HIV, HBsAG.
          ADVANTAGE - The system gives test elements with an accurate pattern
     of extremely small test points.
     Dwg.1/12
     CPĪ EPI
FS
FA
     AB; GI; DCN
MC
     CPI: B04-F11; B04-G01; B04-J01; B11-C07; B11-C07A; B12-K04;
          D05-H06; D05-H09; D05-H11;
          J04-B01
     EPI: S03-E09E; S03-E14H4
L107 ANSWER 29 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1998-413934 [35]
                        WPIX
     1996-391979 [39]; 1997-042462 [04]; 1997-205167 [19]; 1997-271965 [24];
     1997-300215 [28]; 1997-300216 [28]; 1997-300217 [28]; 1997-437340 [41];
     1997-491848 [46]; 1998-123168 [12]; 1998-181074 [17]; 1998-242482 [22];
     1998-242483 [22]; 1998-378966 [33]; 1998-379607 [33]; 1998-545238 [47];
     1999-045630 [04]; 1999-045635 [04]; 1999-080592 [07]; 1999-083437 [08];
     1999-315034 [27]; 1999-529587 [45]; 1999-542426 [46]; 1999-580170 [49];
     1999-589947 [50]; 2000-037250 [03]; 2000-051883 [04]; 2000-223104 [19];
     2000-301980 [26]; 2001-006243 [01]; 2001-256785 [26]; 2001-264939 [27];
     2001-326774 [34]; 2001-406924 [43]; 2001-513760 [56]; 2001-520963 [57];
     2001-541101 [60]; 2001-549252 [61]; 2001-610628 [70]; 2002-054336 [07];
     2002-121078 [16]; 2002-360599 [39]; 2002-391952 [42]; 2002-498965 [53];
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2002-546529 [58] DNN N1998-322162 Replaceable ink container for use in ink jet printing system - includes container interfacing features positioned to engage corresponding ink container receiving station interfacing features, and information storage device that provides information indicative of volume of ink. P75 T04 DC BARINAGA, J A; BULLOCK, M L; CHILDERS, W D; CLARK, J E; COWGER, IN B; GAST, P D; HMELAR, S M; MERRILL, D O; UNDERWOOD, J A (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO; (BARI-I) BARINAGA J A; PA (BULL-I) BULLOCK M L; (CHIL-I) CHILDERS W D; (CLAR-I) CLARK J E; (COWG-I) COWGER B; (GAST-I) GAST P D; (HMEL-I) HMELAR S M; (MERR-I) MERRILL D O; (UNDE-I) UNDERWOOD J A CYC 19 A1 19980723 (199835)\* EN 42p B41J025-34 <--PΙ WO 9831548 RW: AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE W: DE GB JP A 19990921 (199945) B41J002-14 US 5956057 EP 968090 A1 20000105 (200006) EN R: DE FR GB <--JP 2001509103 W 20010710 (200144) 48p B41J002-175 US 2001015738 A1 20010823 (200151) B41J002-14 <--<--B2 20011023 (200165) B41J002-175 US 6305795 WO 9831548 A1 WO 1997-US22873 19971212; US 5956057 A CIP of US 1996-706061 ADT 19960830, CIP of US 1997-785580 19970121, CIP of US 1997-789957 19970130, US 1997-869152 19970604; EP 968090 A1 EP 1997-952404 19971212, WO 1997-US22873 19971212; JP 2001509103 W WO 1997-US22873 19971212, JP 1998-534355 19971212; US 2001015738 A1 CIP of US 1994-363188 19941222, CIP of US 1996-584499 19960108, CIP of US 1996-706061 19960830, CIP of US 1997-785580 19970121, CIP of US 1997-789957 19970130, Cont of US 1997-869152 19970604, US 1999-328315 19990608; US 6305795 B2 CIP of US 1995-429915 19950427, CIP of US 1996-584499 19960108, CIP of US 1996-706061 19960830, CIP of US 1997-785580 19970121, CIP of US 1997-789958 19970130, Cont of US 1997-869152 19970604, US 1999-328315 19990608 FDT US 5956057 A CIP of US 5812156; EP 968090 A1 Based on WO 9831548; JP 2001509103 W Based on WO 9831548; US 2001015738 A1 CIP of US 5491540, CIP of US 5699091, CIP of US 5812156, Cont of US 5956057, CIP of US 6142617; US 6305795 B2 CIP of US 5699091, CIP of US 5812156, CIP of US 5825387, Cont of US 5956057, CIP of US 6142617 19970121; US 1997-789957 19970604; US 1997-785580 PRAI US 1997-869152 19970130; US 1996-706061 19960830; US 1994-363188 19941222; US 19960108; US 1999-328315 1996-584499 19990608; US 1995-429915 19950427; US 1997-789958 19970130 B41J002-14; B41J002-175; B41J025-34 IC ICM ICS B41J002-175 9831548 A UPAB: 20021018 AΒ WO The container includes a number of container interfacing features positioned on the ink container to engage corresponding receiving station interfacing features. An information storage device associated with the ink container electrically couples to the printing system and provides information indicative of a volume of ink within the ink container. The container interfacing features includes a fluid outlet configured to connect to a corresponding fluid inlet in a receiving station to allow ink to flow from the ink container to a printhead. A number of container electrical contacts are configured to

ADVANTAGE - Allows different sizes of ink container to be installed at particular location of receiving station. Ability to

engage corresponding receiving station electrical contacts to allow the information storage device to electrically couple to the printing system.

```
conveniently, reliably, and cost-effectively, accommodate range of
     ink usage rates.
     Dwg.5/6
FS
     EPI GMPI
FA
     AB; GI
     EPI: T04-G02; T04-L09
L107 ANSWER 30 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
    1998-378968 [33]
                        WPIX
DNN N1998-296323
    Replaceable ink cartridge for ink jet
     printing system - has ink level annunciator connected to
     cartridge connector to generate signal to enable printing after
     ink reservoir is depleted and replaced with second
     reservoir.
DC
     P75 T04 W05
     CHILDERS, W D; COWGER, B
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
CYC 27
                   A2 19980722 (199833)* EN
                                              10p
                                                     B41J002-175
PT
     EP 854045
         R: AL AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO
            SE SI
     JP 10202900
                  A 19980804 (199841)
                                               8p
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                      <--
                  A 19990119 (199911)
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                      <---
     US 5860363
                                                     B41J002-175
                  A 19981026 (199953)
                                                                      <--
     KR 98070630
                                                     B41J002-175
     EP 854045
                  B1 20000906 (200044) EN
                                                                      <--
         R: DE FR GB
                     20001012 (200059)
                                                     B41J002-175
     DE 69703023
                  Ε
    EP 854045 A2 EP 1997-310113 19971215; JP 10202900 A JP 1998-8553 19980120;
ADT
     US 5860363 A US 1997-785103 19970121; KR 98070630 A KR 1998-1524 19980120;
     EP 854045 B1 EP 1997-310113 19971215; DE 69703023 E DE 1997-603023
     19971215, EP 1997-310113 19971215
    DE 69703023 E Based on EP 854045
                      19970121
PRAI US 1997-785103
IC
     ICM B41J002-175
     ICS
         B41J025-34
ΑB
           854045 A UPAB: 19980819
     The cartridge includes a chassis (16) removably mated with the
     ink supply station defining an ink passage (66) and an
     cartridge electrical connector matable with the printer electrical
     connector. An ink reservoir (14) has a chamber of
     ink of a selected volume.
          The reservoir has an ink outlet (76) in line with
     the passage. The chassis has an ink level annunciator (20)
     connected to the cartridge connector to generate a signal
     enabling printing after a total volume of ink greater than a
     given volume, for example when the reservoir is empty. It is
     then replaced with a second reservoir, refilled or connected to
     an additional reservoir.
          ADVANTAGE - Avoids printing with ink beyond its useful
     shelf life.
     Dwg.3/5
FS
     EPI GMPI
     AB; GI
     EPI: T04-G02; T04-G10A; W05-A
L107 ANSWER 31 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1998-378967 [33]
                        WPIX
DNN N1998-296322
ΤT
     Replaceable reservoir cartridge for ink-jet
     printer - has parameters in processor which on being accessed and utilised
     by procedure in processor cause printing of several media sheets to enable
```

flushing of first ink from ink-jet pathways.

```
DC
      P75 T01 T04
      CHILDERS, W D; PAWLOWSKI, N E
ΙN
PA
      (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
CYC
      25
PΙ
                       A2 19980722 (199833) * EN
                                                        q8
      EP 854044
                                                                 B41J002-175
           R: AL AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO
               SE SI
      EP 854044
                       B1 20010404 (200120) EN
                                                                 B41J002-175
                                                                                      <--
           R: DE FR GB
      DE 69704478
                       E 20010510 (200134)
                                                                 B41J002-175
                                                                                      <--
      US 6375301
                       B1 20020423 (200232)
                                                                 B41J002-165
                                                                                      <--
      EP 854044 A2 EP 1997-310112 19971215; EP 854044 B1 EP 1997-310112
ADT
      19971215; DE 69704478 E DE 1997-604478 19971215, EP 1997-310112 19971215;
      US 6375301 B1 US 1997-785579 19970121
      DE 69704478 E Based on EP 854044
PRAI US 1997-785579
                           19970121
IC
      ICM B41J002-165; B41J002-175
      ICS B41J025-34; B41J029-393
AB
              854044 A UPAB: 19980819
      The cartridge has a supply of fluid for flushing the first
      ink from the pathways'in the inkjet printer (1). A
      memory (20) couples the processor (40) in the printer on installation of
      the replaceable reservoir cartridge has a parameters.
            The parameters on being accessed and utilised by a procedure stored
      in the inkjet apparatus cause the printing of several media
      sheets to enable a flushing of the first ink from the
      inkjet printer pathways. The first ink is incompatible
      with the second ink and the supply of fluid includes a solvent
      for the first ink.
            ADVANTAGE - Flushes unwanted ink from pathways of
      inkjet printer.
      Dwg.3/3
FS
      EPI GMPI
FΑ
      AB; GI
      EPI: T01-C05A; T01-J08A; T04-G02; T04-G10A; T04-G10E
MC.
L107 ANSWER 32 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
      1998-378966 [33]
                             WPTX
CR
      1996-391979 [39]; 1997-042462 [04]; 1997-205167 [19]; 1997-271965 [24];
      1997-300215 [28]; 1997-300216 [28]; 1997-300217 [28]; 1997-437340 [41];
      1997-491848 [46]; 1998-123168 [12]; 1998-181074 [17]; 1998-242482 [22];
      1997-491848 [46]; 1998-123168 [12]; 1998-181074 [17]; 1998-242482 [22]; 1998-242483 [22]; 1998-379607 [33]; 1998-413934 [35]; 1998-545238 [47]; 1999-045630 [04]; 1999-045635 [04]; 1999-080592 [07]; 1999-083437 [08]; 1999-315034 [27]; 1999-529587 [45]; 1999-542426 [46]; 1999-580170 [49]; 1999-589947 [50]; 2000-037250 [03]; 2000-051883 [04]; 2000-223104 [19]; 2000-301980 [26]; 2001-006243 [01]; 2001-256785 [26]; 2001-264939 [27]; 2001-326774 [34]; 2001-406924 [43]; 2001-520963 [57]; 2001-541101 [60]; 2001-549252 [61]; 2001-610628 [70]; 2002-054336 [07]; 2002-121078 [16]; 2002-360599 [33]; 2002-381952 [42]
      2002-360599 [39]; 2002-391952 [42]
      N1998-296321
TI
      Printing system with replaceable cartridge - has processor for
      determining current ink supply value from cumulative usage value
      stored on cartridge memory and drop volume parameter stored on
      printhead memory.
DC
      P75 T01 T04
      BULLOCK, M L; CHILDERS, W D
ΙN
      (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
PA
CYC
      26
                       A2 19980722 (199833)* EN
PT
      EP 854043
                                                       14p
                                                                 B41J002-175
           R: AL AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO
               SE SI
      JP 10217509
                       A 19980818 (199843)
                                                          9p
                                                                  B41J002-175
                                                                                      <--
                      A 19980922 (199845)
      US 5812156
                                                                 B41J029-393
                                                                                      <--
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B1 20010404 (200120) EN
                                                     B41J002-175
                                                                     <--
     EP 854043
        R: DE FR GB IT
    DE 69704477
                  E 20010510 (200134)
                                                     B41J002-175
ADT
    EP 854043 A2 EP 1997-310111 19971215; JP 10217509 A JP 1998-9439 19980121;
    US 5812156 A US 1997-785580 19970121; EP 854043 B1 EP 1997-310111
     19971215; DE 69704477 E DE 1997-604477 19971215, EP 1997-310111 19971215
FDT DE 69704477 E Based on EP 854043
                      19970121
PRAI US 1997-785580
    ICM B41J002-175; B41J029-393
     ICS B41J005-30; B41J025-34
AΒ
           854043 A UPAB: 20020906
    The printing system includes a replaceable cartridge (20)
    housing a supply of (26) consumable marking media. A memory is also
     included for recording printer related parameters. Marks are produced on a
    print media including printhead memory (16). to record the print related
          A processor (34 and 35) is coupled to the cartridge memory
     and the printhead memory and responds to the parameters read from both to
     derive a printer function control value dependent on a marking media
    parameter from the cartridge memory and a print related
    parameter from the printhead memory.
          ADVANTAGE - Has improved capability for adjusting printer control
     functions.
     Dwg. 1B/7
    EPI GMPI
FS
    AB; GI
FΑ
    EPI: T01-C05A; T04-G02; T04-G10A
MC
L107 ANSWER 33 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
    1998-181075 [17]
                       WPIX
DNN N1998-143330
    Printer with replaceable consumable for forming images on print media -
     determines replacement condition for replaceable consumable and holds
     consumable image information in store.
DC
     P75 T04
    COWGER, B
ΙN
PΑ
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
CYC
    20
                  A2 19980401 (199817)* EN
                                               9p
                                                                     <--
                                                     B41J002-175
PΙ
    EP 832749
        R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE
                 A 19980428 (199827)
                                                     B41J029-00
                                                                     <--
     JP 10109460
                                               g8
     US 6102508
                  A 20000815 (200041)
                                                     B41J002-195
                                                                     <--
    EP 832749 A2 EP 1997-306866 19970904; JP 10109460 A JP 1997-260341
ADT
     19970925; US 6102508 A US 1996-721815 19960927
PRAI US 1996-721815
                    19960927
REP
    No-SR.Pub
     ICM B41J002-175; B41J002-195; B41J029-00
IC
     ICS B41J029-42; G03G021-00
           832749 A UPAB: 19980428
AΒ
     The printer includes a device (21) for determining a condition for
     printing an image of a replaceable consumable (22) such as ink
     or toner. A storage device (24) contains consumable image information. An
     image (14) is formed on print media (12) of the consumable when an image
     printing condition occurs. The storage device is located on the
     consumable.
          A host provides image information to the printer. The host contains
     consumable image information. The image is based on image information
     provided by the host. A replacement condition occurs when the consumable
     is empty. The consumable is identified on the basis of an image on the
     media.
          USE - For ink jet printer.
```

ADVANTAGE - Minimises number of times consumable is replaced by

selecting correct consumable each time. Ensures that consumable is

suitable for user application. Efficient. Dwg.1/3 EPI GMPI FS FΑ AB; GI EPI: T04-G02; T04-L05 MC. L107 ANSWER 34 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT **1998-054680** [06] WPIX DNN N1998-043313 TΙ Ink jet recording apparatus - controls to record image on medium by outputting record data modulated by modulating device synchronously with ejection timing determined by timing control device. P75 T01 T04 IWASAKI, O; KOITABASHI, N; NISHIKORI, H; OTSUKA, N; TAKAHASHI, K (CANO) CANON KK CYC PΙ A2 19980107 (199806)\* EN EP 816102 40p B41J002-205 <--R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE AU 9727534 A 19980115 (199809) B41J002-07 JP 10071730 A 19980317 (199821) 24p B41J002-205 <--CA 2208831 A 19971227 (199825) B41J002-11 <--KR 98000921 A 19980330 (199901) <--B41J002-04 MX 9704809 A1 19980701 (200012) G03G013-00 <--KR 242783 B1 20000302 (200122) B41J002-04 <--AU 733178 B 20010510 (200130) B41J002-07 <--US 6283569 B1 20010904 (200154) B41J002-205 <--CN 1174126 A 19980225 (200171) B41J002-07 <--C 20020409 (200233) EN CA 2208831 B41J002-11 <--EP 816102 A2 EP 1997-304576 19970626; AU 9727534 A AU 1997-27534 19970626; ADT JP 10071730 A JP 1997-151359 19970609; CA 2208831 A CA 1997-2208831 19970625; KR 98000921 A KR 1997-28336 19970627; MX 9704809 A1 MX 1997-4809 19970626; KR 242783 B1 KR 1997-28336 19970627; AU 733178 B AU 1997-27534 19970626; US 6283569 B1 US 1997-882033 19970625; CN 1174126 A CN 1997-114858 19970627; CA 2208831 C CA 1997-2208831 19970625 AU 733178 B Previous Publ. AU 9727534 PRAI JP 1997-151359 19970609; JP 1996-167752 19960627 REP No-SR. Pub IC ICM B41J002-04; B41J002-07; B41J002-11; B41J002-205; G03G013-00 ICS B41J002-05 816102 A UPAB: 19980209 AB The apparatus includes an ink ejection amount changing device for changing an ink ejection amount of each recording element of the recording head. A timing control device for controlling an ink ejection timing of the ink ejection amount changing device. A modulating device is used for modulating record data. A control device controls to record an image on the recording medium by outputting the record data modulated by the modulating device synchronously with an ejection timing determined by the timing control device. The timing control device determines at least two ink ejection timings including an ink ejection timing for recording a larger diameter dot with the recording element and an ink ejection timing for ejecting smaller diameter dots with the recording element. USE - For recording image on recording medium by ejecting ink from each of number of recording elements of recording head. ADVANTAGE - Capable of recording image with different tonal levels in accordance with record data. Capable of modulating dot diameter during one scan with simple structure. Capable of easy recording image by using same data control algorithm even for multi-path record.

FS EPI GMPI FA AB; GI

Dwg.1/26

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EPT: T01-C05A; T04-G02; T04-G10E
MC
L107 ANSWER 35 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1997-395740 [37]
                        WPIX
     1996-116535 [12]; 2000-386808 [32]
CR
DNN N2000-289599
     Replacement of parts/consumable supply for ink jet printer,
ΤI
     copier - having connector in receptacle coupled with processor and second
     connector mating with first connector and memory for data transfer
     regarding cartridge usage, calibration, appts. control
     parameters.
     P75 P84 S06 T01 T04 T05
DC
     BULLOCK, M L; CHILDERS, W D; GIL MIQUEL, A; HIRST, M B;
IN
     STEPHENS, R D; HIRST, B M; MIQUEL, A G
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
PA
CYC
                   A2 19970813 (199737)* EN
                                                      G06K015-00
                                              14p
PΙ
     EP 789322
         R: DE FR GB IT
                                                                       <--
                                                      B41J029-393
                  A 19971216 (199805)
                                               13p
     US 5699091
                                                                       <--
                                                      B41J002-175
                   A 19971202 (199807)
                                               14p
     JP 09309213
                                                                       <--
                                                      G03G015-00
                   A 19981110 (199901)
     US 5835817
                                                      B41J029-393
                                                                       <--
                  A 20000523 (200033)
                                                8p
     US 6065824
ADT EP 789322 A2 EP 1997-300003 19970102; US 5699091 A CIP of US 1994-363188
     19941222, US 1996-584499 19960108; JP 09309213 A JP 1997-1270 19970108; US
     5835817 A CIP of US 1994-363188 19941222, Div ex US 1996-584499 19960108,
     US 1997-901299 19970728; US 6065824 A CIP of US 1994-363188 19941222, Div ex US 1996-584499 19960108, CIP of US 1997-901299 19970728, US 1997-961852
     19971031
FDT US 5699091 A CIP of US 5491540; US 5835817 A CIP of US 5491540, Div ex US
     5699091; US 6065824 A CIP of US 5491540, CIP of US 5835817
                      19960108; US 1994-363188
                                                 19941222; US 1997-901299
PRAI US 1996-584499
                                19971031
     19970728; US 1997-961852
     ICM B41J002-175; B41J029-393; G03G015-00;
IC
          G06K015-00
          B41J029-46; G03G015-08
     ICS
           789322 A UPAB: 20000718
AΒ
     The replaceable parts are subject to wear or include a consumable employed
     during apparatus operation. The apparatus has a processor to control it. A
     receptacle (66) receives a replaceable part, e.g. ink
     cartridge (60). A first connector (70) associated with the
     receptacle is coupled to the processor.
          The receptacle has a second connector (76) that mates with the first
     and a serial access memory connected to the second connector by a single
     data input output wire. The memory stores data indicating usage of the
     replaceable part. The processor both reads and writes data from and to the
           ADVANTAGE - Enables both usage and calibration data to be stored and
     altered, requires no modification to pre-existing physical interface
      between part/consumable and appts.
      Dwg.5/7
     EPI GMPI
FS
FA
      AB; GI
     EPI: S06-A04A1; S06-A20; T01-C05A; T04-G02; T04-G10; T05-G02A; T04-G10A
           5699091 A UPAB: 19980202
      The replaceable parts are subject to wear or include a consumable employed
      during apparatus operation. The apparatus has a processor to control it. A
      receptacle (66) receives a replaceable part, e.g. ink
      cartridge (60). A first connector (70) associated with the
      receptacle is coupled to the processor.
```

The receptacle has a second connector (76) that mates with the first and a serial access memory connected to the second connector by a single data input output wire. The memory stores data indicating usage of the replaceable part. The processor both reads and writes data from and to the

memory.

ADVANTAGE - Enables both usage and calibration data to be stored and altered, requires no modification to pre-existing physical interface between part/consumable and appts.

Dwg.2/7

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L107 ANSWER 36 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
ΑN
     1996-116535 [12]
                         WPIX
CR
     1997-395740 [37]; 2000-386808 [32]
DNN
     N2000-289599
ΤI
     Replaceable part for printer or copier apparatus - comprises serial access
     memory connected to second connector of apparatus by single wire, to allow
     storage of usage and calibration data.
DC
     P75 P84 S06 T01 T04
ΙN
     HIRST, B; HIRST, B M; BULLOCK, M L; CHILDERS, W D; MIQUEL, A G;
     STEPHENS, R D
PΑ
     (HEWP) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO
CYC
PΙ
     US 5491540
                    A 19960213 (199612) *
                                                  7p
                                                        G03G015-00
                                                                         <--
     EP 721171
                    A2 19960710 (199632)
                                           ΕN
                                                  q8
                                                        G06K015-00
         R: DE FR GB
     EP 721171
                    A3 19961002 (199645)
                                                        G03G015-00
                                                                         <--
     JP 08248839
                    A 19960927 (199649)
                                                  7p
                                                        G03G021-00
                                                                         <--
     EP 743567
                    A2 19961120 (199651)
                                           EN
                                                 q8
                                                        G03G015-00
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                                           EN
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     EP 743569
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     EP 743567
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                    B1 20000510 (200027)
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                    B1 20000607 (200032)
                                                       G06K015-00
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     US 6065824
                       20000523 (200033)
                    Α
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                    Ε
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                    Ε
                       20000713 (200040)
                                                       G06K015-00
ADT
     US 5491540 A US 1994-363188 19941222; EP 721171 A2 EP 1995-111082
     19950714; EP 721171 A3 EP 1995-111082 19950714; JP 08248839 A JP
     1995-336142 19951130; EP 743567 A2 EP 1996-113556 19950714; EP 743568 A2
     Div ex EP 1995-111082 19950714, EP 1996-113557 19950714; EP 743569 A2 Div
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     19950714, Related to EP 1996-113556 19950714, Related to EP 1996-113557
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     1994-363188 19941222, Div ex US 1996-584499 19960108, CIP of US
     1997-901299 19970728, US 1997-961852 19971031; DE 69516850 E DE 1995-616850 19950714, EP 1996-113556 19950714; DE 69516851 E DE
     1995-616851 19950714, EP 1996-113557 19950714; DE 69516852 E DE
     1995-616852 19950714, EP 1996-113558 19950714; DE 69517402 E DE
     1995-617402 19950714, EP 1995-111082 19950714
    EP 743567 B1 Div ex EP 721171; EP 743568 B1 Div ex EP 721171; EP 743569 B1
     Div ex EP 721171; EP 721171 B1 Related to EP 743567, Related to EP 743568,
     Related to EP 743569; US 6065824 A CIP of US 5491540, CIP of US 5835817;
     DE 69516850 E Based on EP 743567; DE 69516851 E Based on EP 743568; DE
     69516852 E Based on EP 743569; DE 69517402 E Based on EP 721171
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19960108; US 1997-901299
                      19941222; US 1996-584499
PRAI US 1994-363188
     19970728; US 1997-961852
                                19971031
    No-SR.Pub; EP 48662; GB 2225468; US 4961088; US 5049898; US 5272503; US
REP
     5365312
    ICM B41J029-393; G03G015-00; G03G021-00;
IC
          G06K015-00
         B41J005-30; B41J029-00; B41J029-38;
          G06F003-12; H04N001-21
          5491540 A UPAB: 20000823
AB
     The apparatus comprises a processor for controlling the apparatus, and a
     receptacle for receiving a replaceable part. A
          first connector is associated with the one receptacle and coupled to
     the processor. A replaceable part is juxtaposed to the receptacle and
     includes a second connector that mates with the first connector.
          The replaceable part includes a serial access memory that is
     connected to the second connector by only a single wire. The processor
     device enabled thereby to both read and write data from and to the serial
     access memory. The serial access memory stores data at least indicative of
     usage of the replaceable part.
          ADVANTAGE - Usage of the single wire memory enables direct
     substitution of the serial access memory in place of a presently provided
     fuse, without requiring changes to the physical interface between the
     replaceable part and the connectors which enable mating of the replaceable
     part with the apparatus.
     Dwg.2/3
     EPI GMPI
FS
     AB; GI
FΑ
     EPI: S06-A14C; S06-A19; S06-A20; T01-H03; T04-G; T04-L09; T04-G02;
MC
          T04-G10A
L107 ANSWER 37 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1995-151744 [20]
                        WPIX
                        DNC C1995-070072
DNN N1995-119317
     Degradable recording device including pen - includes degradable plaster
     portion and contains nutritive substances to promote proliferation of
     bacteria..
     A84 D16 G02 P75 P77
DC
     (CANO) CANON KK
PA
CYC 1
                                                     B43L025-00
     JP 07076198 A 19950320 (199520)*
                                               5p
PΤ
ADT JP 07076198 A JP 1993-223541 19930908
PRAI JP 1993-223541
                      19930908
     ICM B43L025-00
IC
     ICS B41J002-175; B43K007-02
     JP 07076198 A UPAB: 19950530
AΒ
     A recording device, a pen, and its ink refill has a quantity of
     ink, an ink holder, and an ink recording
     portion, and also biodegradable plastic portion and contains nutritive
     substances for promoting the proliferation of bacteria.
          The ink absorber is eg composed of polyurethane resin.
          ADVANTAGE - The recording device, the pen, and its ink
     refill are plastic-structured, so they can be degraded more securely and
     promptly.
     Dwg.2/4
FS
     CPI GMPI
     AB; GI
     CPI: A09-A07; A12-D05B; D05-H04; G02-A04
L107 ANSWER 38 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1992-105599 [14]
                        WPTX
                        DNC C1992-049397
DNN N1992-079097
     Ink storage unit for use with ink jet printer -
ΤI
     includes indicator system for monitoring time and temp. exposure.
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DC
     A97 D16 G05 P75 Q31 Q34 T04
 IN
 PΑ
      (SIEI) SIEMENS AG; (EAST) EASTMAN KODAK CO
CYC
PΙ
     DE 4030053
                   A 19920326 (199214) *
                                                6p
                   C2 19950413 (199519)
     DE 4030053
                                                6p
                                                      B41J002-195
ADT
     DE 4030053 A DE 1990-4030053 19900920; DE 4030053 C2 DE 1990-4030053
     19900920
PRAI DE 1990-4030053 19900920
     B41J002-19; B65B031-00; B65D075-52; C12O001-00
     ICM B41J002-195
     ICS B41J002-19; B65B031-00; B65D075-52; C12Q001-00
AB
          4030053 A UPAB: 19931006
     Storage device (1) has a storage space (4) for uptake of recording agent
     (7). It includes an indicator unit (11) with a substance (12) which
     undergoes irreversible colour change from its initial colour (16) to final
     colour (15), depending on the environmental temp. and/or time.
          Specifically, substance (12) is activatable at a specific time, pref.
     after addn. of (7) to (4). (12) is esp. a monomer which can be polymerised
     to produce a crystalline solid. Alternatively (a) (12) comprises (in
     separate but connectable containers) an enzyme soln. a pH indicator, and a
     nutrient soln.; or (b) (12) is an oxidising material.
          USE/ADVANTAGE - The indicator allows the storage time and
     environmental temp. (both of which can effect the quality of (7); usually
     an ink) to be monitored. Once the colour change has occurred,
     the device should be replaced.
     1/3
FS
     CPI EPI GMPI
     AB; GI
     CPI: A12-W07F; D05-H09; G05-F
MC
     EPI: T04-G02
ABEQ DE
          4030053 C UPAB: 19950524
     A writing fluid in the reservoir of a recording device contains a
     substance (A) comprising a mixt. of (a) a relatively slowly polymerising
     monomer to indicate long term temp. conditions and (b) a rapidly
     polymerising monomer to indicate short temp. rises with (B) an
     irreversible colour change occurring due to the polymerisation.
          The substance can pref. be activated at a preset time, esp. after
     filling into the reservoir. The monomers can be polymerised in the
     crystalline solid state. The monomers are acetylene monomers, esp. derivs.
     of 2,4-hexadiene-1,6-diol.
          USE/ADVANTAGE - To indicate optically changes in fluid due to the
     surrounding temp. and ageing. A simple method to indicate that the fluid
     is no longer usable.
     Dwg.0/0
L107 ANSWER 39 OF 39 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1992-042844 [06]
                        WPIX
    N1992-032960
                        DNC C1992-018800
TI
     Liq. analysis element esp. for body fluids - has alternate compartments
     contg. different reagents useful for immunological interactions.
DC
     B04 J04 P42 P75 S03
     BABIEL, R; DEEG, R; KLOSE, S; KOPFER, B; MAURER, E; KOEPFER, B
ΙN
     (BOEF) BOEHRINGER MANNHEIM GMBH; (HOFF) ROCHE DIAGNOSTICS GMBH
PΑ
CYC 24
PΙ
                   A 19920205 (199206)*
    EP 469445
         R: AT BE CH DE ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE
     DE 4024544
                  A 19920206 (199207)
    NO 9103000
                   A 19920203 (199214)
    AU 9181167
                  A 19920206 (199216)
    CA 2047637
                  A 19920203 (199217)
    FI 9103668
                 A 19920203 (199219)
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    ZA 9106054
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    AU 635143
    PT 98514
                   A 19930930 (199342)
                                                     G01N033-52
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                                                     G01N033-543
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    US 5378638
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                   A 19951127 (199608)
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     DE 59107805
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                                                     G01N033-52
                   B2 19970507 (199723)
                                              10p
     JP 2607320
                                                     G01N033-531
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                   C 20000111 (200023) EN
    CA 2047637
    EP 469445 A EP 1991-112389 19910724; DE 4024544 A DE 1990-4024544
ADT
     19900802; FI 9103668 A FI 1991-3668 19910801; ZA 9106054 A ZA 1991-6054
     19910801; JP 04262256 A JP 1991-193242 19910801; NZ 239060 A NZ
     1991-239060 19910722; AU 635143 B AU 1991-81167 19910718; PT 98514 A PT
     1991-98514 19910731; US 5378638 A Cont of US 1991-736919 19910725, US
     1993-63069 19930520; IL 99043 A IL 1991-99043 19910801; EP 469445 B1 EP
     1991-112389 19910724; DE 59107805 G DE 1991-507805 19910724, EP
     1991-112389 19910724; JP 2607320 B2 JP 1991-193242 19910801; CA 2047637 C
     CA 1991-2047637 19910723
    AU 635143 B Previous Publ. AU 9181167; DE 59107805 G Based on EP 469445;
     JP 2607320 B2 Previous Publ. JP 04262256
PRAI DE 1990-4024544 19900802
    DE 3346975; EP 192428; EP 212642; EP 299428; EP 61167; FR 2355290; WO
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         G01N011-00; G01N021-75; G01N033-50;
IC
          G01N033-52; G01N033-531; G01N033-543
          B05B003-06; B41J002-01; B41J011-00; C12Q001-00;
          G01N031-00; G01N031-22; G01N033-53;
          G01N033-54; G01N033-545; G01N033-558;
          G01N035-00
    G01N033-78
ICA
           469445 A UPAB: 19931006
AΒ
     (A) In a liq. analysis element with a carrier layer (2) having a reagent
     region (4) with a reagent pattern applied by an ink-jet process,
     the novelty is that the pattern comprises several sets (A, B, C) of
     compartments (11-20), the compartments of the same set having the same
     chemical compsn. but the compartments of different sets contg. different
     reagents and being arranged alternately so that different reagent
     compartments are closely adjacent but spaced apart.
          (B) Prodn. of the analysis element involves using an ink
     -jet nozzle head to eject discrete reagent liq. amounts successively onto
     the reagent face of the carrier layer and moving the nozzle head and
     carrier layer relative to one another so that the resulting dots form a
     set of compartments on the reagent face.
          USE - The analysis element is used esp. for analysing body fluids
     esp. by immunological interactions.
     2/3
     CPI EPI GMPI
FS
     AB; GI; DCN
FA
     CPI: B11-C08; B12-K04A; J04-B01
     EPI: S03-E14H; S03-E14H4
          5378638 A UPAB: 19950322
ABEQ US
     Analysis element for bioreactively analysing a liq. sample comprises a
     carrier layer with sets of compartments comprising a reagent applied in a
     predetermined pattern by an ink-jet process. A first set of
     compartments consists of fixed compartments contg. a first binding partner
     (I) which is solid phase bound to the carrier. (I) can bind specifically
     to a binding partner contained in the liq. phase bound to the carrier. (I)
     can bind specifically to a binding partner contained in the liq. sample or
     in a second set of compartments. (I) is covered by a layer of inert, water
     soluble protein.
          Compartments of at least one set are elutable and contain a labelled
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second binding partner (II). (II) is near the top surface of the layer of protein. (II) can bind bioreactively and specifically to a corresp. binding partner in the liq. sample or another set of components. The layer of protein is arranged between the carrier layer and the elutable compartments contg. (II) and over the fixed compartments contg. (I), so that the fixed and elutable compartments are arranged in an alternating horizontal relationship with the layer of protein between.

USE - For immunological reactions, lectin-sugar interactions, specific binding between biotin and streptavidin and enzyme-substrate binding reactions.

Dwg.2/3

ABEQ EP 469445 B UPAB: 19960618

An analysis element for the determination of an analyte in a liquid sample by means of a specific binding reaction of bio-reactive binding partners with a carrier layer (2) which contains a reagent domain (4), a binding partner applied in a defined pattern by a printing process, fixed to the carrier and thus solid-phase-bound, characterised in that the pattern comprises several sets (A,B,C) of compartments (11-20) applied with an ink-jet process, wherein the compartments of a first set (A) are fixed compartments which contain the carrier-fixed and thus solid-phase bound binding partner as a first binding partner, which is capable of binding specifically to a second binding partner which is contained in the sample or is a reagent, the compartments of a second set (B) are elutable compartments which contain a second binding partner in soluble form, which is capable of binding specifically with the first carrier-fixed binding partner or with a binding partner contained in the sample liquid; and the compartments of different sets arranged alternately, so that the compartments containing different reagents are close together but spatially separated. Dwg.1/3

## => d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:57:22 ON 09 NOV 2002) SET COST OFF

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 08:57:34 ON 09 NOV 2002 E CHILDERS W/AU

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 08:58:04 ON 09 NOV 2002 E CHILDERS W/AU

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30 S L10, L12 NOT L1, L13-L16
L17
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L18
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L21
               1 S L19 AND L20
               5 S L19, L21
L22
              14 S L20 NOT L22
L23
              17 S L6 AND G06F/IC, ICM, ICS
L24
              2 S L24 AND L7, L11
L25
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L26
               5 S L22 AND L1-L26
L27
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L28
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L29
            2439 S L28 AND G03G/IC, ICM, ICS
L30
L31
              95 S L29, L30 AND CARTRIDG?
              37 S L31 AND CARTRIDG?/TI
L32
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L33
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L34
                 SEL DN AN 42 51
               2 S L34 AND E5-E8
L35
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L36
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L37
L38
               0 S L34 AND G03G/IC, ICM, ICS
             904 S L29, L30 AND B41J002/IC, ICM, ICS
L39
               2 S L29, L30 AND B41J002-195/IC, ICM, ICS
L40
             586 S L39 AND G03G015/IC, ICM, ICS
L41
L42
              25 S L41 AND CARTRIDG?
              24 S L42 NOT L36
L43
                 SEL DN AN 2 4 7 18
               4 S L43 AND E9-E12
L44
              11 S L36, L44
L45
T.46
              18 S L28 AND 9/SC, SX
              20 S G03G/IC, ICM, ICS AND 9/SC, SX
L47
              38 S L46, L47
L48
               0 S L48 AND CARTRIDG?
L49
                 SEL DN AN 10 13 14 16 19 21-38 L48
L50
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L51
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L52
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L53
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            1789 S L53 AND L54
L55
              34 S L55 AND CARTRIDG?
L56
                 E CHILDERS W/AU
              88 S E3, E5
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L58
              68 S E1, E2, E3, E5, E17-E20
L59
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L60
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L61
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L63
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L64
L65
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L66
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L67
              21 S L66 AND E1-E39
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L68
              14 S L67 AND CARTRIDG?
L69
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L70
              21 S L67-L69
L71
              33 S L56 NOT L66
L72
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L73
               8 S C12M/IC, ICM, ICS, ICA, ICI AND L52
L74
               6 S C12N/IC, ICM, ICS, ICA, ICI AND L52
L75
               2 S C12P/IC, ICM, ICS, ICA, ICI AND L52
L76
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L77
              19 S (B12-K04? OR C12-K04?)/MC AND L52
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L78
L79
              24 S L72 AND L78
              34 S L78, L79
T80
              26 S J04-B?/MC AND L52
L81
L82
              45 S L80, L81
L83
              30 S L82 AND L72
L84
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L85
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L86
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L87
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L88
L89
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L90
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L91
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L92
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L93
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L94
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L95
L96
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L97
              0 S L94 AND G06F/IC, ICM, ICS, ICA, ICI
L98
              85 S L95, L96 NOT L88
L99
             266 S B41J002-195/IC, ICM, ICS
L100
             541 S B41J002-04/IC, ICM, ICS
L101
             804 S L99, L100
L102
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L103
L104
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L105
L106
               8 S L104 NOT L105
L107
              39 S L104-L106
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